The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,174 New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1884.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

	Vessel	Tons	H.P.	Captain.	FRIDAY.
L.	Ballarat.....	4752	750	P. S. Tomlin	..26th Sept.
—	Gwalior.....	2733	500	F. Harris.....	3rd Oct.
L.	Iodus	3462	900	W. E. Breeze	..10th „
M.	Hydaspes.....	2984	500	G. Scrivener	..17th „
L.	Rome ..... „	3613	1000	G. F. Cates	..24th „
—	Nizam.....	2726	500	G. W. Atkinson	..31st „
L.	Shannon.....	4148	800	J. S. Murray	....7th Nov.
M.	Assam.....	3938	500	S. F. Cole	....14th „
L.	Cathay.....	2983	500	T. Fairlough	..21st „
—	Lombardy.....	2726	500	W. E. Thompson	28th „

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta, and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	On 1884.
VERONA.....	3115 600	L. H. Moule.....	19th Sept.
MALWA.....	2959 500	A. C. Loggin.....	3rd Oct.
ROSETTA	3502 700	G. W. Brady.....	17th „
MASSILIA....	4911 1000	S. D. Shallard.....	31st „

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, Sept. 12, 1884.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—

First Class Rs. 680. Second Class Rs. 370.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.

Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine. Lamis are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following are other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons. H.P.	
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000 850	on Wednesday, 1st Oct.
MANILLA	5,000 750	on Saturday, 1st Nov.
CHINA	5,000 750	on Monday, 1st Dec.

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars, apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.

CIE. NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

ON account of the Monsoon the new first-class steamer COLOMBO 2,700 tons register, 450 horse-power, will LEAVE BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 19th September. She carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500, including wines.
Children under 3 years, free. Under 10, half fare.
The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows :—

Via Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class £ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe ..... 1st class „ 5 15 0

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage tickets.

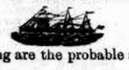
For further particulars, apply to

RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 20th June, 1884.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.



THE following are the probable sailings :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Name.	Tons. H.P.	Comdr.	Sailing about
s.s. VICTORIA..	3220	480	J. B. Murray	3rd Oct.
s.s. CALIFORNIA..	3460	420	H.S. Young..	21st „
s.s. BELGRAVIA..	5000	1000	....	To follow.
s.s. NUBIA.....	3220	480	T. G. Knox..	do.
s.s. PERSIA.....	4500	600	R. Hutchison	do.

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular intervals.

For the convenience of *Indian* passengers an Agency has been opened at 8, Regent St., London, S.W.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 4th September, 1884. Agents.

PASSENGER SEASON 1884.

MESSRS. KING, KING and Co. will on application forward, free of charge, a copy of their "HAND-BOOK FOR HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS,' and full particulars as to Berths available, Rates of Passage, dates of sailing, &c, by P. and O. and all other lines of steamers.

KING, KING AND CO.

Bombay, February 1, 1884.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAYS.

NOTICE.

OPENING OF EAST DECCAN LINE FOR PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Line of Railway from Hotgi to Gadag, a distance of 1734 miles, will be opened for Passenger traffic on MONDAY, the 15th instant.

For Time and Fare Tables see separate Notices.

For further particulars apply to the Traffic Manager, Gadag.

G. M. STEWART,
Agent.

Poona, 12th September, 1884.

CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS AND ARMY CLOTH MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

SOLE CONTRACTORS TO H. M. GOVERNMENT IN INDIA FOR THE SUPPLY OF BLANKETS TO BRITISH TROOPS.

THE Company having at a great cost perfected its machinery for the manufacture of Broad cloths, Serges, Kersey coatings and fabrics of a similar nature, is now in a position to register orders for these goods. The cloths manufactured by this Company are warranted to be of pure wool throughout, and for cheapness, durability and finish will be found unsurpassed.

Price Lists and Samples may be had on application to

THE MANAGER.

EARLY HISTORY OF THE DEKKAN.

By RAMKRISHNA GOPAL BHANDARKAR, M. A., Hony. M. R. A. S.

Price—Re. 1-8.

"Professor Bhandarkar deserves the special thanks of Government for the great labour and learning he has spent on this very elaborate and valuable early history of the Deccan."—Letter of Mr. J. M. Campbell, Compiler of the *Bombay Gazetteer*, to Government.

"I am greatly interested by your History. The fulness and the different subjects it takes up give it an interest which the general reader cannot feel in the simple chronicle of kings." "It is the most generally interesting of the learned historical contributions."—Mr. Campbell's letters to the author.

"I have read it carefully and found it to be just what such a work should be. Your remarks on the Gupta Era will, I trust, set at rest a long disputed and puzzling problem in Indian chronology."—Dr. Rajendralal Mitra.

BOMBAY :—MESSRS. GOPAL NARAYAN & CO., Kalbadevi-road.

POONA :—MESSRS. COOPER & Co., East-street ; ARYA BHUSHAN PRESS, Budhvar.

NOTICE.—No. 3344 of 1884.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the DIRECTOR of the INDIAN MARINE up to WEDNESDAY, the 1st October, 1884, for the supply for three years by contract of ARTICLES OF PROVISIONS for the use of the INDIAN GOVERNMENT VESSELS at Bombay.

2. It is open to Tenderers to offer for the whole or any portion of the supply. On the other hand, the Government of India reserves to itself the right of accepting such separate portion or portions of the articles tendered, as it may think fit.

3. Tenders must be posted by registered post on any preceding day to 1st October, 1884, and will not be received in any other way. The Tenders will be opened by the Director of the Indian Marine at 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st October, 1884. The parties tendering can be in attendance at that hour at the Office to witness this.

4. Tenders must be accompanied by the Bank of Bombay receipt for the amount required to be deposited.

5 Tender forms can be had at this Office and should be superscribed "Tender for the Supply of Articles of Provisions for the use of Indian Government Vessels at Bombay."

J. HEXT, Captain, R.N.,
Director of the Indian Marine.

1. Dockyard, Bombay, September 15, 1884.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NOWSHERA," 2,962 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th September, 1884, at 5 p. m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on MONDAY, 22nd September, 1884, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Basrah, in the forgoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 Tons, on 9th October, 1884.

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "PUNJAUB," 1,080 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th September, 1884, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 13th September, 1884. Agents.

INDIA TO THE HOLY LAND,

EGYPT AND BACK,

Starting Bombay, September 16th and October 3rd.
Do. Calcutta, Sept. 4th, 13th, 18th, and 30th.

From Rs. 800 to 1,300.

A fifty days' trip, including all Steamer, Hotel, and Camp expenses.

Programme upon application.

Reduced Single and Return Tickets to Europe and Australia. *See* Book of Routes, with Maps, As. 8.

Address—

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
BOMBAY : 17, HORNBY ROW ;
CALCUTTA : 10½, Old Court House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN INDIA.

EVERY ARTICLE OF SUPERIOR AND UNIFORM QUALITY.

Sliding-body Cameras.
Bellows-body Cameras.
Binocular Cameras.
Scenograph Portable Cameras.
Camera Stands.
Portrait and View Lances.
Portable Tents.
Printing Frames.
Plate Boxes.
Developing Stands.
Baths and Dippers.
Dishes and Trays.
Glass Plates & Cutting Shapes.
Collodion Bottles and Filters.
Rolling & Burnishing Machines.
Cameo Presses and Dies.
Head Rests, Back Grounds.
Albumenized Papers, Collodions.
Gold, Silver, and Chemicals.
Varnishes, Card Mounts, &c.

THE importance of purity in Photographic Chemicals must suggest itself to all. Our imports have for the past half century been acknowledged as PRACTICALLY PURE, THOROUGHLY RELIABLE, and of UNIFORM STRENGTH AND CHARACTER. Commercial samples (as met with in Indian bazaars), though perhaps unadulterated in the strict sense of the term, are not always to be depended upon, as they are liable to be contaminated with other matter which will unfavourably affect results when operating.

DETAILED PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S NEW CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES.

Mounted with Nickel Rim, and Patent Spring Fastening.

RUSSIA LEATHER CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES.

		Cash Prices. Rs. as. Rs.
Size 5 by 3,	to contain 8 Cheroots	...from 8 8 to 10 8
Size 5½ by 3½,	„ 10 „	...from 9 8 to 12 8
To contain 10 Cigarettes		...from 4 0 to 7 0
„ 18		...from 6 0 to 10 0

MOROCCO LEATHER CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES.

To contain	8 Cheroots, size 5½ by 3½	...from	7 0 to	10 0
„	10 „ „ 5½ by 3½	...from	10 8 to	13 8
„	14 „ „	...from	4 8 to	6 8
„	20 „ „	...from	6 0 to	8 8

BEST CALF.

To contain	6 Cheroots, size 5 by 2½	...from	6 0 to	9 0
„	8 „ „ 5 by 2½	...from	7 0 to	10 0
„	12 „ „ 5½ by 4	...from	11 0 to	14 0

PRESENTATION CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES.

Russia Leather Cheroot Cases ; Mounted in Nickel and Ormolu, Richly Engraved.
from Rs. 14 to Rs. 21.

Solid Silver Cheroot Cases, in velvet lined cases, richly engraved.
From Rs. 100 to Rs. 115.
Plain, six 5 by 2½.
Rs. 75.

Solid Silver Cigarette Cases.
At Rs. 45, Rs. 50, and Rs. 60.

HANDSOME PRESENTATION SETS IN SOLID SILVER.

Comprising Cheroot Case, Cigarette Case and Match Box in Velvet Lined Case,
Rs. 180.

Cigar and Cigarette Cases of every description the largest and best Stock in India.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

FINEST TRICHINOPOLY TOBACCO.

		Rs.	A.
CHEROOTS	"Selected Mess" per Box of 100	2	0
CIGARS	"Planters No 1" „ „	2	4
„	"Planters No 2" „ „	2	0
„	"Beehive" „ „	2	0
„	"Kemp's Special" „ „	2	8

The above are all very Superior, and have been selected for us as mild and good in flavor, drawing well, and convenient in size and shape.

MANILLAS.

No. 2 Cigars of selected brand	„	7	0
No. 2 Cheroots of selected brand	„	7	0

KEMP AND CO., Limited.
FORT, AND CUMBALLA HILL, BOMBAY.

G.'S LINIMENT,

A SPEEDY AND INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR MANGE AND OTHER SKIN DISEASES IN HORSES, DOGS, CATTLE, &c.
Price Re. 1-8 per bottle.

MALABAR ITCH

Is a loathsome and contagious disease which not only defies attempts to cure it, but in a large majority of cases is not even relieved by medicines hitherto used, but

G.'S LINIMENT

has been used with marked success in the treatment of the above disease, which is always relieved after two or three applications, and, if the Liniment is carefully used according to the printed instructions, it may be relied on to effect a speedy and permanent cure.

We have permission to publish the following testimonial lately received from an eminent Physician :—

"I used G.'s Liniment for Malabar Itch in three cases, with great success."

"(Signed.) W. A. S., M.D."

PREPARED FOR THE PROPRIETOR, ONLY BY

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

HANDKERCHIEF PERFUMES, ALWAYS ON HAND.

DIRECT FROM THE CHIEF PERFUMERS OF THE DAY.

The selection comprises—

BREIDENBACH'S WOOD VIOLET
BAYLEY'S ESS. BOUQUET.
DALMAHOY'S CURIOUS ESSENCE
GREENSILL'S MONA BOUQUET.

FORGET-ME-NOT.	FRANGIPANNI.
JASMIN.	JOCKEY CLUB.
MISS-ME-QUICK.	MILLEFLEUR.
WHITE ROSE.	MOSS ROSE.
OPOPONAX.	YLANG YLANG.
CAPE JASMINE.	LAUGHING WATER.
SPRING VIOLETS.	SHAMROCK NOSE-GAY.
RONDELETIA.	EDELWEISS.

GENUINE EAU-DE-COLOGNE,
all sizes.

THOMSON & TAYLOR'S LAVENDER WATER.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE.....F. FROST.
MANAGERS .....TOWERS & BEVERLY.

TO-DAY, FRIDAY,
THE THEATRE
WILL BE CLOSED.
Company in Poona.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
GRAND FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
AND
BENEFIT OF
ROSA TOWERS.
Miss E. BRADDON'S SPLENDID DRAMA,
LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET.
Terminating with the Opera Drama,
THE DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT.

Box plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.'s, where seats may be secured in advance.
PRICES AS USUAL.
Business Manager, for F. Frost..... A. FIEDLER.

TO BE LET from 1st October next, desirable set of ROOMS with the use of a Kitchen on the top-floor of a house in Fort facing the sea, commanding extraordinary good view of the Esplanade. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to

F. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby Row, Fort. House Agent.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation, as already advertised, will be held here on FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 p. m.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation and Secry, Town Council.
Bombay Municipal Offices, 18th Sept. 1884.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

RESUMPTION OF THROUGH BOOKING OF GOODS TRAFFIC.

IN anticipation of the DAMAGE to the line by FLOODS being SUFFICIENTLY REPAIRED within a few days so as to restore through communication Goods traffic (not perishable) will be received at all stations on and after this date.

J. R. DUXBURY,
Bombay, 19th September, 1884. Traffic Manager.

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE DINNER.

THIS DINNER will be held on the 29th instant, 8-30 p. m., at the Club of Western India, Poona. Gentlemen who are or have been members of either University and desire to attend are requested to send in their names to one of the undersigned not later than the 26th instant.

R. G. OXENHAM,
Exeter College, Oxford.
Address Poona.

JAMES JARDINE,
Cairns College, Cambridge.
Address High Court, Bombay.

THE KHATAU MAKANJI SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a Resolution passed at the Tenth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held THIS DAY, a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 4 per share for the half-year ending 30th June, 1884, will be paid on and after FRIDAY the 19th instant, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 67, Bazar Gate-street, Fort, between the hours of 12 noon and 3 P.M., to those Shareholders whose names appear on the register, THIS DAY, on production of share certificates.

RAMCHANDRA HEMRAJ,
Bombay, 18th September, 1884. Secretary.

COOPER, MADON AND Co., Ld.,

BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
BOOKSELLERS, PUBLISHERS, STATIONERS, AND NEWSAGENTS,
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Brown-Eyes ; by May Crommelin (Arrousmith's Bristol Lib vols. 2	0 10
Canadian Pictures ; by Marquis of Lorne	5 0
The Captain's Room ; by Walter Besant	1 4
Cheap and Choice, Cookery for Small Families	0 8
Comic Poetry and Prose Readings	0 10
The Countess of Albany ; by Vernon Lee (Eminent Women Series)	2 4
Denis Donne ; by Annie Thomas	1 4
Electrician's Pocket Book ; by E. Hospitalier	3 4
Fortunate Men, How they made Money and Won Renown	1 8
Hibbert Lectures for 1884 ; by A. Reville	6 12
High Mills ; by Katharine Saunders	2 4
The India List, July 1884. (Pub Half yearly)	6 12
Judy's Guide to Health, Wealth and Happiness	0 6
Lectures on Mental Disease ; by W. H. O. Sankey	8 0
Mingo and other Sketches ; by J. C. Harris	0 10
Miss Tommy ; by Author of John Halifax	3 12
Nursery Numbers	1 8
Official Army List, July 1884	9 8
Pandurang Hari, or memoirs of a Hindoo	1 4
Plodding on ; by H. Curwen	1 8
Robert Ord's Atonement ; by Miss Carey	3 12
Salvage ; by Hawley Smart	1 4
Story-Land ; by Sidney Grey	3 12
The World we Live in ; by Oswald Crawfurd	3 4
Tumours of the Bladder ; by Sir H. Thomson	3 4
Unspotted from the World ; by Mrs. G. W. Godfrey	3 8
The Whitehoy ; by Mrs S. C. Hall	1 4
Bad Boy's Diary	0 6
Democracy in the Old World and the New	1 8
John Bull's Neighbour in her true Light	1 4
John Ruskin (Round Table Series)	0 10
Nothing to Nobody ; by Brenda	0 6
Readings from American Authors	0 10
Sanitation of Public Institutions ; by Sweeting	2 4
Sir Joshua Reynold's Discourses	3 12
Women of London by B. Hemying	1 4
Do. Paris do.	1 4
Dictates of the Soul, Edited by B. B. Nagarkar	0 12
Flower and Weed ; by Miss Braddon .....Re. 1-4 and	2 4

Army Lists—

Bengal (Quarterly)	2 0
Bombay, August	2 0
Hart's Annual, reduced to	6 0
Do. Quarterly	6 12
Belinda ; by Maria Edgeworth	1 4
Absentee, The ; by Maria Edgeworth	1 4
Adventures in Australia ; by W. H. Kingston	1 4
Amenities of Literature ; by I. Disraeli	2 0
Aunt Hepsy's Foundling ; by L. Adams	1 4
Braes of Yarrow ; by C. Gibbon	1 4
Cousin Chilhany ; by Mayne Reid	1 4
Crofton Boys ; by H. Martineau	1 4
Diary of a Late Physician ; by S. Warren	1 4
Every Boy's Annual, 1883	1 4
Feats on the Fiord ; by H. Martineau	1 4
Grape from a Thorn ; by James Payn	1 4
Kenelm Chilhany ; by Lord Lytton (Cazton Edition)	3 0
London Journal, New Series, vol. I	3 0
Lost Mountain, The ; by Mayne Reid	2 4
Miscellanies of Literature ; by I. Disraeli	2 4
Peasant and the Prince ; by H. Martineau	1 4
Sense and Sensibility ; by Jane Austen	0 6
Settlers at Home ; by H. Martineau	1 4
Stray Leaves from Supposed Diary of W.E. Gladstone	0 6
Tales from Chambers's Journal, No. 2	0 6
Ten Thousand a Year ; by S. Warren	1 4
Woman with Two Words ; by S. Tyler	2 4

NEW FRENCH NOVELS.

A La Hussarde ; by R. O. Monroy	2 4
Apres La Ruine ; by A. Lovinck	2 0
La Fill de Cain ; by P. Aubebrand	2 0
La Fin du Vieux Temps ; by P. Bourde	2 4
Monsieur Narcisse ; by Louis Lestang	2 4
Une Enigme ; by J. Bonsegent	2 4
Une Vie Heureuse by Madame di Arbouville	2 4

OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS.

Hand-book of Bee-keeping for India ; by J. C. Douglas	1 4
Journal of Indian Art, No. 1	1 0
List of Agricultural Implements and Machines which have been experimented with and found efficient and useful in India ; by E. C. Buck	0 8
Rough List of Indian Art Ware ; by Babu T. N. Mukharji	0 8

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.
☞ Telephone No. 39.

MENTHOL CONES

CRYSTALLINE JAPANESE ESSENTIAL OIL OF PEPPERMINT.

This preparation is strongly recommended as a local application for Neuralgia and Sciatica. It is also said to give relief in cases of Gout.

One Cone in stoppered glass-bottle.
Price Re. 1-2.

CUBEB AND STRAMMONIUM CIGARETTES.

Strongly recommended for Cattarrh, Hay Fever, Asthma, and Bronchial Affections.

In Boxes, As. 12 each.

TAMARIND COUGH BALSAM

Is an effectual remedy for Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, and most affections of the Chest.

Per Bottle Re. 1.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

THOMSON & TAYLOR'S TARAXACUM JUICE

combined with
PODOPHYLLIN,

Recommended for diseases of the liver, biliousness, &c.
Price, Rs. 2 per bottle.

PEPSINE WINE

Contains pepsine in solution,
Is agreeable to take,
And is very efficacious
In cases of
Indigestion and Dyspepsia.
Price, Rs. 2 per bottle.

TRIPLE ESSENCE OF CAMPHOR

(Rubini's formula),
Recommended in cases of Cholera and Diarrhœa.
Price, Re. 1.

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
5, RAMPART-ROW,
BOMBAY.

LAWN-TENNIS KIT.

REGULATION BALLS.

CORRECT SIZE AND WEIGHT, ALWAYS GIVE SATISFACTION, ARE PREFERRED BY THE LEADING PLAYERS, AND PATRONIZED BY THE PRINCIPAL CLUBS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CASH—Rs. 8 per dozen.

"CHAMPION," "CORKHANDLED," "DOUBLE STRUNG," "DIAMOND STRUNG," "EVERTIGHT," "PRINCE" AND "PRINCESS" PRIZE BATS, &c.

DETAILED GYMKHANA CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
23, RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY,

BEG to call the attention of the Public to the following SPECIALITIES in their large stock of which they can strongly recommend, and which have gained for their qualities as Timekeepers a widespread reputation.

THEIR SILVER 50 RS. LEVER WATCH

The great and increasing demand for these Watches have induced Messrs. F. L. & Co. to make them in all sizes, and either in hunting, half-hunting and open face cases.

The "smallest" the usual size of a Lady's Watch, would be an admirable substitute for a Lady's Gold Watch when travelling or for daily use.

THEIR SILVER 75 RS. WATCH

Has all the qualifications of the 50 Rupees Watch, but is in an extra heavy case with gold hinges. Its movement is fitted with a compensation balance and with a hair-spring system Breguet.

THEIR SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES

Rs. 90, 110 and 135.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 40.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. can recommend this well-finished Watch to anyone who requires a strong and serviceable time-keeper, and one which will bear the roughest work.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 60.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. would draw the attention of Railway Companies and employes to these Watches which are of extra large size and can be guaranteed and recommended as reliable time-keepers.

Parcels sent post free throughout the whole of India.

Two years' guarantee is given for all the above Watches.
Initials engraved gratis to buyers. Terms—Cash.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS & JEWELLERS.

CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

CUTLER PALMER AND CO.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, LAHORE, AND KURRACHEE.

HAVE been awarded GOLD and SILVER MEDALS with FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATES of merit for their own brands some of which are enumerated below :—

Per case. 1 doz. qts.	2 doz. pts.	LIQUEURS, &c.	Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.	2 doz. pts. Rs. a.
9 0	51 0	Curacao, Amsterdam, Orange and White	51 0	53 0
7 0	..	Chartreuse, green, per bottle.	7 4	..
6 0	..	Do. yellow	6 4	..
68 12	71 12	Benedictine from the Monastery	72 0	75 0
51 4	55 0	Maraschino de Zara	53 8	57 0
47 8	..	Noyeau de Martinique.. ..	49 8	..
37 0	40 0	Creme de Noyeau	38 8	41 8
37 0	..	Kummell	38 8	..
38 12	40 12	Cherry Brandy	40 8	42 8
26 0	..	Orange Bitters	27 0	..
19 4	..	Vermouth	20 0	..
..	27 8	Assorted Liqueurs, per doz. pt.	...	28 8
15 8	..	Ginger Wine, finest green (Usher's)	16 0	..
15 8	..	Ginger Wine (Bishop's)	16 0	..
19 0	..	Quinine Wine (Bishop's)	20 0	..
13 0	..	Lime Juice Cordial ..	13 8	..

Per doz. qts. Rs. a.	Per doz. pts. Rs. a.	BEER AND CIDER.	Per doz. qts. Rs. a.	Per doz. pts. Rs. a.
5 8	3 12	Bass's Champagne Ale, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	5 12	4 0
5 8	3 12	Guinness's Extra Stout, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	5 12	4 0
6 4	4 4	German Pale Ale... ...	6 8	4 8
7 0	..	Champagne Cider ...	7 8	...

Cash. Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.	COGNAC IN JARS.	Cred Per Gal. without Jar. Rs. a.
15 0	Cognac ****	15 8
13 0	„ ***	13 8
11 4	„ **	11 8
10 8	„	10 12

WHISKY IN JARS.

8 12	Irish and Scotch, A 1 quality 9 0

The Jars can be returned for refilling. We keep stocks of Cognacs and Whiskies in Wood. An allowance for the Jar will be made, deducting all outlay for carriage to Godown.

Empty Jars for do. .. 1 gal. Rs. 2 0 each.
Do. do. do. .. 2 „ „ 3 0 „
Do. do. do. .. 4 „ „ 4 0 „
Wood Taps Rs. 1-8 each. Plated Taps. Rs. 4 each.

48 Gals. Rhd. Rs. a.	CLARET IN WOOD. From the Australian Wine Co., Limited.	8 Gals Rhd. Rs. a.
216 0	St. Estephe	221 0
172 0	Petit Medoc	180 0

Of these we keep stock from October to March only.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.
From the Australian Wine Co., Limited.

Cash. Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.	RUBY.	Credit. Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.
24 0	Red Hermitage "Emu"	25 0
21 4	Carbinet Grape "Auldana"	22 0
	WHITE.	
31 8	White Hermitage "Emu"	33 0
22 0	Reisling Grape "Auldana"	23 0

BOMBAY HOUSE :—5, RAMPART ROW, FORT.

BODGER, WARBURTON & CO.,

MILITARY SQUARE, BOMBAY.

On a purchase of three cases and upwards of one or different Brands, we allow a Cash Discount of 12½ per cent. equal to 2 annas in th Rupee, off our Credit Rates.

Per single case 5 % only. Cash. Rs. as.	MADEIRA.	Per case Credit. Rs. as.
32 5	FINE OLD ..... Yellow Capsule	34 0
37 8	OLD EAST INDIA ..... White „	39 8
	PORTS.	
15 10	* SPANISH PORT ..... Blue „	16 8
19 0	* GOOD FULL-BODIED WINE ..... Black „	20 0
23 12	* FINE OLD TAWNY WINE FOR INVALIDS ..... Green „	25 0
26 10	* VERY SUPERIOR OLD ..... Red „	28 0
36 0	VERY CHOICE OLD CRUSTED ..... White „	38 0
	CHAMPAGNES.	
34 4	* CARTE BLANCHE SEC, a light Luncheon Wine ..... Silver foil	36 0
40 0	* CARTE NOIRE SEC ..... Gold foil	42 0
45 10	* GRAND CHAMPAGNE, "CEIL DE PERDRIX" ..... Frosted Gold foil	48 0
	A Wine of rare excellence and possessing a distinctive character *highly recommended*.	
53 4	* EPERNAY WINE COMPANY. First quality sec. ..... Green and Gold foil	56 0
59 0	* EPERNAY WINE COMPANY. Cuvee Reserve, 1880, extra sec. Frosted Gold foil...	62 0
	HOCKS AND MOSELLES.	
21 8	* NIERSTEINER	22 8
24 4	* HOCHHEIMER	25 8
30 0	STEIN WEIN IN BOCKSBEUTELS	31 8
39 12	* SUPERIOR SPARKLING HOCK, extra quality	42 0
42 12	* SPARKLING MOSELLE, finest Nonpareil	45 0

COGNACS, WH

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 18.

MARKETS closed for the Pateti holidays.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Booldana, 2,133 tons, Captain A. Clark, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Baghdad, 809, tons, Captain W. Sleeman, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kathywar Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and 92 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Khundalla, 1,318 tons, Captain A. P. Turner, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Lieut. Col. Szczepanski, Mr. Anajee Khimjee, and five deck.

THE steamer Govino, 1,404 tons, Captain W. Woodhouse, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius (4th Sept.), with a cargo of sugar and the following passengers :—Mr. Leon Bernard, Mr. John Yates, Mrs. and Miss Roberts, Mr. Sulleman Noormahomed, Mr. Abdool Currim, Mr. T. Ismail, Mr. James Kelly, and 49 deck.

ARRIVAL OF THE AUSTRALIAN AND CHINA MAILS.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Bellaarat, 2,667 tons, Captain P. S. Tomlin, arrived in harbour yesterday from Sydney (20th Aug.), via China, &c., with China and Australian Mails, general cargo, and the following passengers :—From Sydney to London.—Mr. and Mrs. Donaldson, Mrs. Burmester, Mr. J. A. Low, Mr. F. W. Blackham, Mr. T. Collier, Mr. E. Roberts, and Mr. J. Pigot. From Sydney to Venice.—Mr. W. Edmett. From Sydney to Bombay.—Captain A. G. Yaldwyn, Lieut. Acton, Mr. W. M. Sweet, Mr. J. Hollo, M. and Mrs. Dodd, and Mr. Hadelton. From Melbourne to London.—Dr. and Mrs. MacGregor, Mr. W. P. Pain, Mr. F. MacGregor, Mr. Pincham, Mr. D. Hean, and Mr. Husbands. From Melbourne to Venice.—Mr. E. Messeur. From Melbourne to Bombay.—Surg. D. Eldun, Major W. Franklen, Mr. J. J. Connolly, Surg. Major W. J. Frawcett, Mr. O. G. Smart, and Mr. F. Hughes. From Glenelg to London.—Mr. S. Price. From Hongkong to Bombay.—Mr. Fuvaria, Mr. Pestonjee, Mr. D. Nowrojee, and Mr. Fasyally. From Singapore to Bombay.—Col. Bushman, and four deck. From Colombo to Bombay.—Major Halbecke, Captain Short, Miss Augus, Miss Thorn, Mr. Grayton, and two deck.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
13	Govarine (s)	Woodhouse..	Mauritius, Sept. 4.
	Baghdad (s)	Sleeman	Kurrachee, Sept. 15.
	Ballaarat (s)	Tomlin.....	Sydney, Aug. 20.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destination.
	Khandalla (s)	Turner.....	Calcutta, &c.
	Booldana (s)	Clark	Calcutta, &c.

The steamer Swordsman, to Calcutta, was entered for loading yesterday :—

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 14 India (s)..... Day ..... London, Aug. 6.
Callixeno (s) ..... Dun ..... Rio Janeiro. July 17.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 14.—Steamers Bucephalus, Scindia and Newcome Ships Governor Wilmot and Frank N. Thayer.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 17.

Hogg, Major, Poona Horse, on leave, from Poona.

SEPTEMBER 18.

Sadlier, Lieut, Col., R. A., on leave, from Jubbulpore.
Fawcett, Surg. Major, from leave, from Australia.
Yaldwy, Capt., Staff Corps, from leave, from Australia.
Acton, Lieut., 1st Light Cavalry, from leave, from Australia.
Franklen, Major, Army Pay Dept., from leave, from Australia.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 17.

Hewett, Lieut. Col., Staff Corps, from leave, to Eringpura.

SEPTEMBER 18.

Cherry, Col., 4th Cavalry, from leave, to Kamptee.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 19.

(Before the Hon. the Chief JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice KEMBALL.)

For Judgment.

468—Little, S. F. and N.—Jamsetjee Bomonjee Wadia and another vs. The Hon'ble John Marriott and others.—Jefferson B. and D.

481—Little S.F. and N.—Hurriwan Veerjee and another vs. Jamsetjee Nowrojee.—Jefferson B. and D. Motions.

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

470—Tobin and R. Pandappa Soobaya Sondhe and others vs. Morarji Topun and others.—E Wilkin Parthenard.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PINHEY.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

352-83—Chalk and W.—Dossabhoy Hormusjee Panday vs. Framjee Rustomjee Panday and others—J. C. Jeffreys and H. Bicknell.—Part heard.

311-83—In person—Narsoo vs. Nargoo and another.—In person Parthcard.

384-83—Tyabjee and D.—Bapoo Sajoo Naiquin vs. Hormusjee Muncherjee Cama and others.—Ardesir and H.

289-80—Jeffreys, B. and D.—Tarachund Chutoordas vs. Bulwantrao Gunnesh Ozy.—Crawford and B.

268 83—Muljee B. and B.—Gopaljee Purshotum vs. Canjee Mal Little S. F. and N.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice HART.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

199-13,251-83—Khunderao M.—Runchod Dayal vs. Cooverjee Nathoo—Macfarlane and E. (S. C. C.)—Part heard.

43-83—Payne G and S.—Sorabjee Nusserwanjee Dundas vs. Jumnadas Doolubdas—M. A. Khan.

18-18—J. C. Cama—Merwanjee Bomonjee Wadia vs. Pesonjee Eduljee Mody and another—Ardasir and H.

302-81—Thakurdas and—Dwarkadas Dharamsi and Wy. Co. vs. Hajee Ahmed Hajee Abdoola and another —Payne G. and S.

822-81—R. Skipsey—Damodhur Runchordas vs. Yussonjee Runchordas and another—Little S. F. and N. —Hore C. and B.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DADYSETT—September 18, Homejee Cursetjee Dadysett, hat is residence, Mazagon. Deeply regretted. His funeral will take place this morning (Friday) at 8 o'clock.

AUSTRALIA.

MORLAND—August 26, at the Grand Hotel, Melbourne, the wife of Captain Henry Morland, R.N. L.N., of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GREATOREX—September 12, at Egmore, the wife of Captain J. Greatorex, Commissariat Department, of a son.

VANES—September 14, at the Wesleyan Mission, Bangalore, the wife of the Rev. J. A. Vanes, of a son.

BUTTFLOWER—September 15, at Kamptee, the wife of W. N. Boutflower, Educational Department, of a daughter.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, H RNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 14, RAMPART-ROW,
OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headache and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure, when all other drugs have failed.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated; although the wearing of single-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut *against* the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate, based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.

Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.

Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply different accommodations for each eye which so frequently are needed.

Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application

C. MARCKS & Co.
45, Rampart-row, Bombay.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENT.

"COLABA."—The correspondence you refer to will be found in our impressions of August, 1882. The first letter appeared on the 1st August.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1884.

THE news from Egypt to-day is unusually ample, and so far it is good. Although Suakim is not by any means the chief centre of interest in that country just now, it will be noted with satisfaction that in the neighbourhood of that town the insurgent tribe of the Hadendowas has been completely defeated by tribes friendly to the British. Where these tribes have come from is not stated, but they have defeated our enemies. After this it is not unreasonable to hope that the little force in occupation of Suakim will be less harassed than it has been of late by the night attacks of Osman Digma's allies. But the most notable feature in to-day's news is the message from General Gordon, in which he states that he is awaiting the arrival of British troops, and that he will occupy Berber in a few days. He asks also that Zebehr Pasha shall be sent to Khartoum with three hundred thousand pounds sterling. On the very same day at Cairo Zebehr was declaring to a friend that it was too late for him to go to Khartoum, but that an expedition of British troops was the one thing necessary. As Gordon's message was dated the 26th of August, rather more than a "few days" have passed, so that if General Gordon is as good as his word he has probably already set out for Berber—perhaps he is already in occupation of it. Whether this is so or not, the message gives new emphasis to what we have so often insisted upon of late, namely, that General Gordon is not in the desperate plight in which commanders are usually before expeditions for their rescue are organized. The mere fact that the beleaguered hero talks of recapturing Berber shows what we have said all along—namely, that he was free to come and go when and where he chose. After this people may ask not only what the relief expedition is for, but whither it is to go. We can no longer consider it an expedition for the relief of Khartoum, since it is very likely that if they were to go there, they would find that the man they are supposed to relieve is not in Khartoum, but in Berber. As the matter stands just now, it seems just as likely that General Gordon may need to go to the relief of Lord Wolseley while out in the desert, as that Lord Wolseley may have to go to the relief of General Gordon. That it is no light undertaking upon which Lord Wolseley has set out may be inferred from the extent of the preparation that he is making for the advance. Thus far we have heard of no preparation that would carry the army beyond Dongola. But now a camel corps is being formed, consisting of eleven hundred men, this of course being for that part of the route which traverses the desert beyond Dongola, and in which the real difficulties and risks of the enterprise—assuming that Lord Wolseley goes so far—may be expected. It is throughly characteristic of the distinguished general that the camel-men are to be chosen from the Household troops and sixteen other cavalry regiments, which of course are thus all identified with the fortunes of the expedition and of the man who directs it. Whether a lifeguardsman can best control and guide a camel across a nearly waterless desert is open to doubt; but the effect of the announcement of the plan upon London opinion is worth a great deal. Meantime the first steamer of the expedition has passed the second cataract, so that the force may already be deemed to be in motion.

BENGAL appears to think it cannot have a superabundance of judges. The Government of that province have actually recommended that three more judges should be appointed to the Calcutta High Court, although there are twelve already on that Bench. The Bombay High Court can get through its work with seven judges. Calcutta will have fifteen all to itself, if this proposal be sanctioned. It is ridiculous to suppose that there is more than twice as much work in the Calcutta Court than there is in Bombay. There is more judicial work certainly in Calcutta; but if seven judges are sufficient for Bombay, eight, or at most nine ought to do for Calcutta. Judges appear to be getting rather too plentiful on the other side of India. Even in the North-West Provinces an extra judge is put on as a matter of course because the late Chief Justice refused to hurry himself or put himself to inconvenience in dealing with the work before the Allahabad High Court. There is no original jurisdiction in that court, and the appellate work cannot possibly be held to be as heavy as that in Bombay, yet there are five judges, when three ought to be enough. There is a visible tendency to increase the establishments and the cost of the High Courts, except in Bombay. There are cheaper courts, but the desire is to supersede them in work which they can well do by the more costly and cumbrous High Courts. This is great injustice not only to the tax-payer, but to the suitor, and it is fast becoming a scandal. The Calcutta lawyers, who raise the cry for more judges at higher salaries, must be taught that they are going too far, and that a reaction may be produced which will prove to them that instead of getting more they shall have less than has hitherto been accorded by a confiding Government and an apathetic public.

The arrears of work and the difficulty of getting suits determined, have influenced the Trades Association and the Chamber of Commerce at Calcutta to join the cry for more judges and a more costly machinery. The argument of these associations is, "the Calcutta High Court does its work too slowly; therefore increase the number of judges." But granting that the work is now done too slowly, it is possible to decrease the work instead of increasing the workers; it is also possible to make the workers work harder, and so do the same amount of business in a shorter time. The High Courts in old days were supposed to be bulwarks of liberty, erected to oppose the encroachments of a tyrannical executive. They had their use in that character in the past, and they have their use now. But they are chiefly judicial machines employed to adjust legal differences, and the work they do is, in the vast majority of cases, no more complex or intricate than that done by a district judge on half the pay. Indeed, the most difficult and laborious judicial work done in this country is done by subordinate judges in hearing original suits with regard to land and succession cases. There are radical reformers who maintain that the original jurisdiction of the High Courts is, in the opinion of many, a relic of antiquity which is now only a stumbling block, and should be abolished as speedily as possible. All that is required for each Province is a Chief Justice and two or three judges to hear appeals in the most important civil and criminal cases. Most of the rest of the work now entrusted to High Court judges on nearly Rs. 4,000 a month could be just as well, or even better, done by district judges on Rs. 2,000. If the original jurisdiction of all the High Courts were abolished, it would at once sweep away a large portion of the work of the Calcutta, Bombay, and Madras courts. No appeals should be allowed to a High Court in any suit for less than Rs. 10,000, and the original work and minor appeals should be heard by presidency and district judges on Rs. 2,000 a month. There are now twelve judges in the Calcutta Court, seven in Bombay, five in Madras, five in the N.-W. P., and four in the Punjab, or thirty-three in all. If the proposals just indicated were carried out, there need only be four judges each in Calcutta and Bombay, and three each in Madras, the N.-W. P., and the Punjab, or seventeen in all, thus making a saving of sixteen judges, or seven lakhs per annum; so that instead of taking a lakh a year more for judicial establishments, as the Calcutta associations wish to do, we could easily spare (after providing four lakhs for sixteen district judges on Rs. 2,000 a month) three lakhs a year more to the general revenues, where it is badly wanted for purposes much more useful and necessary than deciding petty cases by benches of three or four highly paid swell judges, surrounded by barristers, attorneys, and officials who all have to be paid in proportion to the status of the court. Indeed, in reducing the number of judges in the High Courts, the greatest economy would not be in the salaries of the judges themselves, but in those of the countless unnecessary and overpaid officials who have grown up around the courts in the course of a century, and who now cling to the unwieldy hulk like a shoal of barnacles, and impede even the slow progress which it might otherwise be able to make. If prothonotaries, registrars, sealers, remembrancers, reporters, taxers, and all their superfluous brethren were abolished, the real work of a High Court could be done much more expeditiously and cheaply, and the wretched litigants, instead of being taxed even more than they are now, would buy their justice, or injustice, a little more cheaply.

The Calcutta memorialists argue that because stamp fees and other charges bring in a large revenue, the cost of the courts ought to be increased, and the whole revenue so acquired be spent on them. This might be correct, if there were other sources of revenue lying ready for the Government to replenish the deficit from; but it is notorious that there are none, and that whatever additional sums may be spent on the law courts must be recouped by additional taxation in some form or other. We have a thousand roads and railways to make, a thousand projects of education, sanitation, police, and the like languishing for want of money, and we may well pause and consider whether our judicial courts are such perfect and admirable products of the newest civilization, that we should decide to starve our executive wants in order to spend more on legal technicalities and superfluous judges in Bengal or elsewhere. A court being, as Bentham said of law, a necessary evil, should never be constituted unless the necessity is obvious. Similarly a court should never be made more expensive, of more importance, or of higher status, than is absolutely necessary; and the time now undoubtedly approaches when the High Courts and their establishments will be revised and recast with the object of conforming as far as possible to that principle. That by abolishing the original jurisdiction of these courts, by limiting their appellate jurisdiction to suits of primary importance, and by cutting off from them all the useless and expensive apparatus of sinecure appointments, which have grown up around them in the course of years, the cost of these institutions could be diminished by more than one-half, the work remaining to them to do would be done more efficiently and speedily, and that portion of their work which would be taken from them would be done better and more cheaply by local courts more *en rapport* with the people, there is little doubt. Already the Small Cause Courts have been enabled to deal with cases which were formerly sent to the more dignified and costly tribunals: precisely as the Presidency Courts have been entrusted with the disposal of cases formerly adjudicated on by a judge and jury. That is the tendency, and we may as well recognise it, and see how far it will serve the public interests. While waiting, however, for inevitable developments, the High Courts on the other side of India should be told plainly to cut their coat according to their cloth. If there is too much work in Calcutta for twelve steady-going elderly gentlemen to get through, with due regard to their own convenience, and their vested rights in a two-months' holiday every year and a weekly holiday every Saturday, why then fourteen judges may be appointed instead of twelve; but let it clearly be understood from the beginning that no extra cost will be allowed—the salaries of the twelve will be divided among the fourteen, and not a rupee more. Let it be notified, once for all, that the present amount expended on High Courts and their establishments is the maximum which will ever be allowed for that purpose, and that all proposals for any increase in the number of judges must be accompanied by a proposal for a corresponding saving in their salaries, or a reduction of establishment which will cover the proposed cost. At present it is everybody's interest to propose an increase in the number of judges. Some barrister or civilian gets a snug berth for life; he is removed from the list of competitors at the Bar or the Civil Service, and all his juniors are contented; the merchants, solicitors, officials, and hangers-on are all pleased that their High Court is augmented in dignity, and their city decorated with still another highly-paid official; but meantime what becomes of the poor tax-payer's rights? Who protects his interests, and sees that useless appointments are not made at the outcry of the very men who profit by them? It is the briefless or semi-briefless barrister longing for big pay and easy work, the already well-paid official craving for still better pay and higher dignity, the rich Calcutta merchant, who may possibly have been once inconvenienced by having a case postponed, when he had rolled down to the court in his well-appointed brougham—it is these, and such as these, who raise the cry for more judges, and not the wretched peasant starving on his sun-baked land, or the petty trader laboriously eking out a living by the sordid economies of a lifetime, or even the respectable landholder who finds his expenses growing greater every year, while his income grows ever less and less. To these, and to ninety and nine out of every hundred tax-payers, four thousand rupees a month is a huge sum, hardly to be realized in the abstract, and certainly not to be squandered on the salary of one man, and to be paid him for deciding suits which a clever subordinate judge or a sharp extra assistant commissioner would decide just as well, and much more quickly, on Rs. 400 a month. If, when we are discussing these questions, we could only sometimes see things as the taxpayer sees them, it would clear our eyes of a great many cobwebs. No one doubts that some of the Calcutta judges work as hard as any other officials, and fully earn even the large salaries they draw; but there are men of another stamp on the bench, men appointed by interest and influence, who look on a High Court judgeship as an agreeable sinecure provided to enable them to pass the closing years of their official existence in affluence and dignity, and not as a great trust imposed upon them by the nation, and carrying with it corresponding emoluments and responsibilities. Till all such men are weeded out; till every judge works as other officials and merchants, and lawyers do; till they cut down their annual vacation from two months to one like other people, and give up the Saturday holiday and the four score civil court holidays, which nobody else takes, it ill beseems them to call out for more judges, and to raise the cry of overwork. In these days of reform and radical innovations they may, if they raise the storm, easily find themselves swept away by it, and replaced by hardworking juniors, who will do their work on one-third of their salaries, and with one-half of their establishments.

THE announcement that Major-General Alikhanoff had been appointed chief of the Russian Delimitation Commission turns out to have been after all only a harmless joke at the expense of our just susceptibilities. The real Chief Commissioner is, it appears, General Zelcony. Why he was selected, rather than some other more familiar letter of the alphabet, we do not pretend to guess. But since his name is not Alikhanoff, nobody in India or in England can, off-hand venture to take umbrage at his appointment.

NOTES FROM MHOW.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MHOW, SEPT. 16.

YOUR contemporary in Bombay has a correspondent here who dishes up small items of official gossip, mostly in the "our popular" this and "our worthy" that style, but no one concerns himself to relate our social doings, though we are all, so to say, jolly good fellows, and brimful of energy, from the veteran warrior who leads us out at 4 a.m. to demolish phantom invading forces, down to the fatherly young man who caters for our physical benefit. Cricket matches, lawn-tennis, perparations for the coming polo struggle at Bombay, and paper chases now engage all our time. The Mhow Paper Chase, as an innocent and invigorating pastime, is probably unique. The fun consists in riding in and out of station compounds and jumping all intercepting walls and hedges, without the usual accessories of hares and paper. For those whose nerves, or may be figures, are not what they used to be, a good view of the run may be obtained on board a tonga, by sticking to the road and making sundry short cuts and diversions. The onlookers generally make for some point of advantage, often a water jump, where the performances of the field can be watched. On they come, a motley crew, mounted on ponies, casters, chargers. "Over you go!" "No funking!" "Let him bave it!" &c. With these encouragements, the more successful half of the field on the safe side of the obstacle urge on their brethren who have yet to negotiate it. Our lackadaisical skipper pulls himself together and make a rush, for "bright eyes" is looking on, and though he would much rather pass by, like the Biblical personage, "on the other side," he does not dare; his credit as a sportsman is at stake. "He's over!" "No, he isn't!" His pony has merely slithered into the water, and our hero has had a cold bath, whence he emerges to be chaffed and encouraged to do better next time. Jones of the Infantry vies with Smith of some other branch of the service in desperate attempts to do the thing decently. "Where's Dr. Tomkyns of the Slashers?" "Hush! they don't come out; it's not good enough." Their absence, however, is not to be attributed to any deficiencies in the matter of horsemanship. But the master is tired of waiting for the duffers; toot, toot goes the horn, and the whole field scamper after him with a happy disregard for their necks. Meanwhile, the spectators cut across to some other point of the chase, perhaps the hospital wall, in negotiating which an enthusiastic subaltern comes to grief; while three or four others at the termination of this effort land on the necks of their beasts. The run terminates eventually at some hospitable abode, where the mighty hunters drink their pegs, smack their boots, and swear it was a "devilish good thing."

We had yesterday a grand amateur performance which drew a good house The pieces were "For her Child's Sake" and "The Little Sentinel." I give the cast below :—

"FOR HER CHILD'S SAKE."

Stephen Ormond, aged 45.	Mr. W. E. Danby.
Mr. Marsham (Edith's father) aged 70.....	Mr. P. Holland.
Aubrey Verschoyle, aged 25	Mr. C. H. Brackenbury.
Edith Ormonde, aged 31 ...	Mrs. Ditmas.
Geraldine (Edith's daughter), aged 18	Mrs. Francis.

The acting of both fair dames in this and the succeeding piece was beyond all praise. Ladies who are kind enough to act at all in India are entitled to every consideration when their performances are criticized, but in the present instance there is no room for anything but unqualified approval. Edith Ormonde (Mrs. Ditmas), though not quite so good as she was in the next piece, was perfectly self-possessed, and rendered some difficult and sentimental passages with much feeling; whilst Geraldine looked her part to perfection, and acted it naively and prettily. The whole interest in the piece naturally centred in the ladies; but some tribute must be paid to Mr. Holland's excellent rendering of the old man's part, Mr Marsham. Though at times rather prone to overdo the infirmities of age, his acting was throughout good and effective. Stephen Ormonde seemed very popular with the audience, and on his first appearance was accorded vociferous applause. He was evidently quite at home on the stage. His makeup, however, a cross between Bill Sykes and a cavalier, was not quite so happy as it might have been.

I hope I may be allowed to criticize gently, and not unkindly. When the curtain fell on the final act, the first thought which occurred to me was, why on earth, with such abundance of dramatic talent, should the responsible manager have chosen two such utterly inferior pieces? The story of "For her Child's Sake" is one which is, happily, very rarely met with in real life. Stephen Ormonde deserts his wife for Mrs. Verschoyle, whose husband he kills in a duel. After the lapse of several years, which he spends in America, he returns to find that the son of his now deserted mistress (Aubrey Verschoyle) is violently in love with Geraldine, his daughter. Before this Mrs. Ormonde, on hearing who Aubrey Verschoyle is, is naturally anxious to put a stop to the match, but when her long lost husband re-appears on the scene, after some mutual recrimination and denunciation, she consents to let bygones be bygones; and the piece ends with the *entente cordiale* pervading everywhere. Mrs. Ormonde presumably returns to the husband who has neglected her for so long merely "for her child's sake," in order to allow of the union of the latter with Aubrey Verschoyle. The necessity for this sudden change of feeling is not, however, clear; it is certainly more than extraordinary that any interest could have been revived under such circumstances, and more especially in a husband whose appearance on the stage was as extraordinary as that of Stephen Ormonde.

"THE LITTLE SENTINEL."

Mr. Wheedleton Coaxer	Mr. J. C. Francis.
Captain Clarence Courtington (the 98th Dragoon Guards)	Mr. P. Holland.
Simon Oakapple	Mr. C.H. Brackenbury.
Letty Hawthorne	Mrs. Ditmas.
May (The Little Sentinel)	Mrs. Francis.

The second piece, described as a highly amusing comedy, was a decided relief after the somewhat pointless sentiment of its predecessor. There again both ladies carried with them throughout the sympathy and admiration of the house. May, "the little sentinel," is supposed to have been appointed by a relation, who is engaged to Letty Hawthorne, a skittish and pretty young widow, to look after his intended, and to guard her from the Machiavellian advances of Wheedleton Coaxer and Capt. Clarence Courtington, which she does with indifferent success. There are two amusing incidents in the piece, when the widow makes appointments at the same place with her two old beaux, and various interludes by Simon Oakapple; but the idea which would allow of Letty Hawthorne, a lady, flirting indiscriminately with an officer and a clodhopper is surely rather comical and unreal. The widow and her youthful duenna were represented with much vivacity and grace by Mrs. Ditmas and Mrs. Francis. Mr. Brackenbury was, both in his make-up and acting, amusing; whilst Mr. Holland, with his Dundreary utterances and appearances, was as good in the funny as he had previously been in the serious line. Mr. Wheedleton Coaxer looked the old beau to perfection, and did his part fairly well, though he seemed to be continually oppressed by the idea that it was necessary to press his hat to the region of his digestive organs.

I hope our amateurs may be induced to tackle something more worthy of their merits than the pieces we saw last night. They are quite capable of rendering one of Robertson's clever pieces to the satisfaction of the most critical audience; and in wishing them good-bye for this occasion, I hope they will not regard my remarks in an unfriendly spirit.

NOTES FROM NAGPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPORE, SEPT. 16.

MR. C. H. T. CROSTHWAITE, Officiating Chief Commissioner, leaves Nagpore this week for Pachmarhi, accompanied by his Assistant Secretary, leaving Mr. Lindsay Neill, the Chief Secretary, to conduct the work of the Secretariat. It is rather an unusual time of the year for the chief to proceed to that sanitarium; but the purer air of the hills is doubtless preferable to the present stewy atmosphere of Nagpore; and the Residency, contiguous as it is to not over-clean bazaars on one side, and too small for the head-quarters residence of a provincial Governor, is, perhaps, not a very attractive abode during the rains.

The rains continue to come, though not in heavy showers, and the unending drizzle is most provoking. Whatever may be the nature of the "barometric depression," there is no uncertainty about the depressing influence of the ceaseless drip, drip, on the spirits, and on everything else. The Kamptee floods appear to have been somewhat exaggerated in some of the papers. No lives were lost, and not much property. The rise of the Kanhan river was carefully watched, and the overflow into Gora bazaar, where the land is lowest in cantonments, destroyed about a hundred huts, which will be put up again, however, when the weather clears up next month.

Very possibly, within the next twelve months, a chief settlement officer will be nominated for the Central Provinces. The last revenue settlements are beginning to run out, and by 1888 they will almost all have fallen in. Mr. Aulad Hossein, C.I.E., Assistant Commissioner, is already deputed to settlement work in a few pergunnahs, and these, I am informed, will form a sort of experimental cases for the new settlements. A higher official will, no doubt, be specially appointed as the work expands.

The fifty Burmese prisoners I referred to before have arrived, and are located in the Nagpore Central Jail; thirty-five of them are life prisoners, and the rest are for terms ranging from seven to twenty-one years. The diet prescribed for them is more liberal than that allowed in the jails of the Central Provinces, and includes fish and flesh. The prisoners are middle-sized, square-built men, and all are abundantly tatooed in black and red about the legs and breast, which gives them a curious "full dress" appearance.

Mr. J. Y. Davidson, Manager of the State Railways in these provinces, resumed charge of his duties on his return from furlough in the early part of the month. The departure of his *locum tenens*, Mr. J. Conder, who has gone to Ajmere, was much regretted in the station, especially by the Nagpore Volunteer Rifles, in which he held the rank of Captain. To him is chiefly due the credit of the formation of the railway companies of this corps.

A few days ago a G. I. P. Railway employé brought in a large rock snake which he had shot at Wardha; the monster was twelve feet in length, and inside of it were found the remains of a goat, with the horns complete.

POONA GYMKHANA *V.* PARSEES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 17.

THIS match was commenced this morning on the Gymkhana ground in splendid cricketing weather. This is the fifth occasion on which the Parsees have met the Poona men on the cricket field. On the present occasion the Parsees winning the toss, strangely enough sent in the Poona men to bat on a well-prepared wicket, which had been watered just a little too freely. Captain Metcalfe and Colonel Bedford were the first pair that represented the Gymkhana. The attack was entrusted to Malegaumwala, fast underhand, and Bharoocha, left hand fast. Captain Metcalfe took the first over from the underhand bowler, off whose third ball he scored one, but he returned the last ball of Bharoocha's first over, and the first wicket fell for one. Captain Alban filled the vacancy. In Malegaumwala's second over Colonel Bedford snicked him for one, and then Bharoocha sent down a second maiden over. Off Malegaumwala's first ball Captain Alban secured two, but in attempting to drive the next ball he was clean bowled, to the evident delight of the Parsees. With two wickets down for four runs, Barton came in, but he did not appear to be quite at ease with the bowling, soon putting one up, which Bharoocha ought to have secured. But with the help of four byes, and a couple of snicks for three each by Bedford, and a drive to the off for three by Barton, the score was rapidly brought to 20, when Barton was splendidly caught by Malegaumwala at point, the fieldsman just managing to reach the ball and fall over in securing it. Carleton was the next incomer, and he rapidly hit up ten, when he was caught at the wicket by Patel with the score at 38 for four wickets. Caldecott's arrival put the fieldsmen on the alert, but he did not trouble the scorers much, as after placing one past short-leg he was run out in attempting the same, Bharoocha throwing down his wicket smartly. Five for 39. With Jervis's arrival a slightly better aspect was put on the game, and he with Bedford, who had narrowly escaped being run out and been let off at point, raised the score rapidly, the runs being obtained mostly off Bharoocha, who was then shunted for Framjee. This put a stop to the run-getting for some time. Patel soon after took the ball from Malegaumwala, but the parting was effected at last by Malegaumwala catching Jervis at point off Framjee. Clifton was the next to come in, and cut Framjee to third man, but it was well fielded by Patel. But he was soon busy with his cuts, so that Malegaumwala had to be brought on again. He opened with a maiden, but the parting came from the other end, for off the next over Bedford was given out leg before wicket, to Patel for a neat piece of work. The retiring batsman had come in first, and seen six of his side retire before losing his own wicket. Most of his runs were obtained by snicks off the fast underhand bowler, he being the only one to make much use of the right hand in bowling. Besides the chance which he gave very nearly at the close of his innings, on his first coming he had put one up dangerously in the slips, and ought to have been run out, when he had scored seven or fifteen. Seven wickets were now down for 73, and the end soon came. The next over saw the dismissal of Clifton, clean bowled by Malegaumwala. Eight for 73. Plumer came in to be missed at point by Bejonjee off Patel, but he was bowled in the next over by the underhand bowler. Nine for 74. Framjee relieved Patel and soon secured Dr. Guiness's wicket. Malegaumwala after being put on again had bowled four maidens for two wickets. His analysis would have read better still if it had not been for occasional misfielding in the slips, where many balls were let through.

Baria and Soorti were the first pair of batsmen on the Parsee side, and they were opposed by Barton and Carleton. Baria took the first over from Barton, and appeared to be completely puzzled at first. The wicket-keeper ought to have snapped him off the second ball. But when the score stood at eight and both batsmen seemed to have steadied down, Baria was caught at point by Clifton, a decision which evidently surprised him. M. Framjee went in next, but retired score less, bowled by an appalushaw of an easy one from Carleton. Next in was Patel, and for a time defensive tactics were adopted. He soon cut a ball towards the third man and ran for it, but the throw-in not being fielded he obtained four for it. Soorti next cut Barton for four past third man; and 20 were up when the tiffin bell rang. On resuming play, both Barton and Carleton led off with a maiden over; then Soorti cut Carleton for 3 and put Barton to leg for one. Patel next got him to square leg for two. Three runs were scored off Carleton's next over; then Barton bowled a maiden. Then at 34 Patel was run out, the batsman in running forward to smother one of Barton's on the pitch. Master filled the vacancy, only to lose Soorti, who in attempting to cut one of Carleton's, pulled the ball on to his wicket after contributing a very useful 18, consisting of one 4, two 3's, and three 2's. Three and four wickets for 32. From this stage the wickets fell rapidly. Master and Morenas scored one off Barton each, when the latter was caught at Albaus at long slip. Bejonjee went in, and six runs later lost Master, who had been letting out at Barton. Major, who came in next, had his leg bail removed when the score stood at 42. He was batting, attempting a sharp run he had sprained his ankle. Tate came in and drove, Carleton straight for three, but he soon played one of Barton's on to his wicket. Malegaum came in, and increased the score by 10, a substitute running for Bejonjee, when the latter, on which the bowler, running back, secured. With Bharoocha's arrival, Bejonjee opened his shoulders to some purpose, and sent Barton to square leg for five. Bharoocha also sent one of Carleton's to long on for three, and soon 70 was up. There was considerable excitement as to whether the Parsees would pass the Gymkhana score or not. A run was secured by Bejonjee off Carleton, but in attempting to score another Albaus was run out by Patel, he was bowled by Barton with a curly one from leg.

With five runs to the good, the Poona Gymkhana commenced their second innings with Metcalf and Caldecott, but Malegaum's first ball bowled the former clean. No runs were made off the next three balls, though two of them went very close to Alban's wicket. Then Bharoocha bowled a maiden, the second ball nearly taking off Caldecott's left stump. The next scored one off Malegaum. Another maiden by Bharoocha followed, though three leg-byes were run. Then Alban cut Malegaum beautifully for three. By degrees the score rose to 26, and a change of bowling was made, Jervis coming on for Malegaum and Framjee for Bharoocha. From Major's second over Caldecott was missed by Morenas at mid-on. The same batsman had yet another life at short slip off Framjee. But at 35 Alban was bowled by Major off his legs. Alban came in, but after scoring one was run out in attempting a difficult run which his partner refused. Carleton opened with a drive for four from Framjee, from whom Patel next took the ball and Carleton scored one off him. Then Caldecott cut Major for four, and when stumps were drawn for the day the Poona Gymkhana had made 46 for three wickets the game being left in a very interesting condition. Full score and analysis :—

POONA.
1ST INNINGS.

Capt Metcalfe, c and b	B Baria, c Clifton, b Barton 4
Col Bedford, l b w, Patel . 29	M M Soorti, b Carleton ... 18
Capt Alban, b Malegaum. 2	M Framjee, b Carleton ... 0
C G Barton, c Malegaum, b Bharoocha..... 5	M Patel, b Carleton, b Barton..... 8
G A Carleton, c Patel, b Bharoocha..... 10	J M Morenas, c Alban, b Bejonjee, b Barton ... 14
Col Caldecott, run out.... 1	A G Major, b Carleton ... 1
J H Jervis, b Malegaum, b Framjee..... 11	D J Tata, b Barton 3
C N Clifton, b Malegaum

TELEGRAMS.

THE BOMBARDMENT AT FOOCHOW.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, SEPT. 18.

The steamer from China arrived this morning without no mails, but further details to the *Straits Times* state that Messageries steamers have been ordered to Hongkong, not Shanghai. It is stated that the previous reports of Chinese cowardice are untrue. They stood to their guns pluckily, and the fort replied to the French fleet guns some time until it was disabled. The Chinese Admiral stood several broadsides from the French big guns, and returned them steadily. The Chinese gunboats were overmatched by the French armament. Between the French and British fleets the merchant steamers present had narrow escapes from shot and shell, one shot actually passing between the mainmast and funnel of the Glenfinlas. The fort batteries returned the fire of the ships steadily for a long time. After they were disabled the French continued to fire for hours and destroyed every thing. The fire directed upon the arsenal was murderous after the guns were silent. The Chinese gunboats caught fire from shells, and slipping their cables floated down the river past the fleet. The French fired amongst the wounded on board, sinking them. The scene is described as harrowing. A plucky engagement took place between the French torpedo boat and the Chinese flag-ship. A Chinese lad threw a handgrenade into the boat, which shattered a French officer's hand, blinded him, and blew up the boiler, but a torpedo exploded and blew up the flag-ship, which sank, only her masts being above water. All the forts along the river have been destroyed, but many bodies of Chinese troops are giving trouble by causing alarm and stopping trade. British and foreign man-of-war boats were fired into on the river, and the German Admiral was saluted with round shot when leaving Foochow. The French are resolved to punish the marauders. The French have presented the widow of the British pilot killed on their flagship with fifteen thousand dollars, and agreed to pension all other British pilots after the war, as they cannot obtain further employ from the Chinese. The Chinese fleet of ironclads is distributed among three ports in North Shanghai. Daily practice of Whitehead torpedoes and Nordenfelds is going on, and the arsenal at Shanghai is manufacturing larger quantities of ammunition and torpedoes. Shanghai is quiet, but precautions are being taken for blocking the river. French ships anchor outside Woosung. Amoy is largely reinforced. Passenger vessels are leaving and trade is declining. The Pekin Court has received the news of the bombardment with great indifference. The despatch of Russian ironclads to China is believed to be a very significant result of Chinese diplomacy regarding the treaty of Kuldja.

THE ZHOB VALLEY EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DUKKI, SEPT. 18.

Major Hill, of the Royal Engineers, having fallen sick at Quetta, Major Holdich, who was to have gone in charge of the Survey with the Zhob Expedition, has been ordered to go with the Boundary Commission in the place of Major Hill.

MR. GRANT DUFF AND HIS CRITICS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 18.

The *Mail*, referring to your remarks about Sir Richard Temple and Mr. Grant Duff, says that Bombay did not make nearly so much of Sir Richard as he made of Bombay. Madras would make more and think more of Mr. Grant Duff, if he had a title of the adoptability to circumstances and the genius for making the best of things that animated Sir Richard Temple.

THE PRESIDENCY COLLEGE DISTURBANCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 18.

The result of the inquiry by the Commission appointed to investigate the recent disturbance at the Presidency College is that the offenders have been classified into five grades, according to the gravity of their offence. The offenders of the first grade, seven in number, have only been recommended to be rusticated for one year. The second grade offenders are to be rusticated for three months, and further mulcted in a fine of Rs. 10. Those of the third grade are to be rusticated for two months and to pay a similar fine, and the offenders of the fourth grade are to be rusticated for one month with a similar fine. The second, third, and fourth grades respectively are also required to tender a written apology; the offenders of the fifth grade are to pay a fine of Rs. 5, and will be permitted to join the College on the re-opening of the institution after the vacation, upon expressing their contrition to the principal of the College.

OCTROI DUTIES.

It is stated that the committee appointed to consider the question of imposing octroi duties in Calcutta have reported that octroi is not desirable in Calcutta on account of the difficulty attending the levy, as well as the irregularity of their incidence.

They recommend an increase in the trade licence tax duty of two annas a case on kerosine-oil and increased duty on tobacco.

CRICKET AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 18.

The match between the Parsees and the Gymkhana terminated to-day in a draw. Play commenced at eleven. Caldecott and Carleton went in. Carleton was missed by the bowler in the first over. Both made a good stand, Caldecott for 31, and Carleton being given out by the Parsee umpire as caught for 49. The decision, however, was questioned. Clifton made 17, and the innings terminated for 144.

After tiffin the Parsees went in and scored rapidly, but lost wickets. The stumps were drawn at half-past three. The last ball took the sixth wicket, the six wickets being down for 54.

POONA RACES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 18.

The racing to-day was perhaps better than that of any previous day of the meeting, thus bringing the meeting to a most successful termination. The attendance was very large during the latter part of the evening, but a drizzle marred the pleasantness of the promenaders in the enclosure. There were seven events provided on the card, one of which was a match. Kendall rode two magnificent finishes to-day, winning by a neck and head each time. Betting was very brisk.

THE GALLOWAY HANDICAP.—Rs. 400 for all Galloways that have started during the meeting. R. C. and a distance.

Rajs of Paikpara's ch a g Rishan, 8st., T Kendall	1
Aga Moochoolsha's b r a g Shah Baz, 9st 3lbs Native,...	2
Mr Black's b a g Rex, 8st 8lbs., Clarke	3
H H Aga Khan's g a g Nineveh, 8st 5lbs., Hackney	4
Mr Framjee's ch a g Young Ruby, 7st 10lbs., Ahmed	0

Betting.—11 to 5 against Rex, 3 to 1 against Rishan and Nineveh, 4 to 1 against Shah Baz, 8 to 1 against Young Ruby.

Rex early went to the front and was leading at the turn for home. When going very strong he bored out of the course and lost a lot of ground, letting up Shah Baz and Rishan. The former looked like winning, but Rishan by a splendid effort won by a neck on the post. Time, 3 m. 13s.

THE PONY HANDICAP.—Rs. 300 for all ponies that have started during the meeting. Distance, ½ mile.

H H Aga Khan's c a General, 8st. 4lbs., Hackney	1
Mr MacDougall's g a Orange, 8st. 6lbs., Ninall	2
Rajs of Paikpara's g a Grey Knight, 9st. 10lbs., T Kendall	3
Colonel Morton's b a Tiger Gift, 8st. 13lbs., Bowen	0
Mr Whitehead's g a Autocrat, 8st. 10lbs., Gerard	0
Mr Kendall's g a Young Gazelle, 7st. 12lbs., Wool	0

Value of Tickets	1,200
Gift	270
Autocrat	200
Grey Knight	115
Orange	75
Young Gazelle	35
General	205

Betting.—2 to 1 against General and Gift, 5 to 1 against Autocrat, 6 to 1 against Grey Knight, 8 to 1 against Orange, and 12 to 1 against Young Gazelle.

From the start Young Gazelle and Gift led till the half mile post, when General and Orange came out, and the former won by three lengths. Time, 1m. 26⅘s.

THE BEATEN HANDICAP.—Rs. 500. For all beaten Arabs and country-breds which have started during the meeting. Distance, ½ miles.

Mr. Black's g a h Ameer, 8st., Bowen	1
Mr. Gore's g a h Talisman, 8st. 3lbs., Tingey	2
Mr. Whitehead's b a h Euphrates, 10st. 7lbs., Gerard	3
The Rajs of Paikpara's b a h Shammer, 8st. 10lbs., T. Kendall	0
H. H. Aga Khan's br a h Lachin, 8st. 10lbs, Hackney	0
Mr. Abdool Rahman's br a h Hercules, 8st., Oomer	0
Aga Moochoolsha's g a h Toocan, 8st., Native	0
C. N. C.'s g a h Cruiser, 7st. 7lbs., Ramchurn	0
Mr. Kendall's g a h Sir Garnet, 7st., Wool	0

Value of Tickets	1,200
Euphrates	135
Toocan	30
Hercules	285
Hammer	125
Talisman	135
Ameer	105
Sir Garnet	20
Cruiser	115
Lachin	65

Betting.—2 to 1 against Hercules, 3 to 1 against Ameer, 4 to 1 against Cruiser, Shammer, and Euphrates, long odds against the rest.

After running in straggling order they were all together at the half-mile, when Ameer drew out and won easily by six lengths. A bad third. Time, 2m. 22s.

WINNERS' HANDICAP.—Rs. 600 forced for all Arabs and country-bred winners during the meeting (Pony, Closed and Selling Races excepted). Distance, 2 miles.

Aga Jan's b a h Baltic, 8st. 10lbs., Vinall	1
Mr. Pritchard's ch a h Sunshine, 7st. 7lbs., Ramchurn	2
Mr. Black's ch a h Dardanelles, 8st. 5lbs., Bowen	3
Mr. Abdool Rahman's g a h The Doctor, 8st. 10lbs., Blackburn	0
H. H. Aga Khan's b a h Kuchkoia, 8st. 7lbs., Hackney	0
Mr. Bowen's b a h The Earl, 8st. 4lbs., Clarke	0

Value of Tickets	1,100
Dardanelles	255
Kuchkoia	100
The Earl	115
Baltic	115
Sunshine	50
Doctor	80

Betting.—5 to 4 on Dardanelles, 3 to 1 against Baltic, 4 to 1 against The Doctor, 5 to 1 against The Earl, 7 to 1 against Kuchkoia, 8 to 1 against Sunshine.

The Doctor took up the running, but was passed by Dardanelles, Baltic, and Sunshine at the half-mile. Turning for home Baltic drew away and won by two lengths. A close third. Time, 3m. 51s.

MATCH.—Rs. 500, Owners up. 7 Furlongs.

Mr Sedley's g a p Dr Cockle, 9st. 5lbs., Owner	1
Hon'ble A. Harding's ch a p Crippie, 10st. 7lbs., Owner	2

This was a great race, and was won by half a length. Time, 1m. 51s.

THE FREE WIND-UP HANDICAP.—For all horses. Rs. 500 from the Fund. R.C.

Raja of Paikpara's b aus g Trafalgar, 9st. 7lbs., T Kendall	1
Mr White's bn aus g Loyola, 8st., Bowen	2
Mr Henderson's b aus h Sylvanus, 7st. 7lbs., Native	3
Messrs M K B's ch aus g Masquerade, 6st. 7lbs., Native	0

Betting.—Even on Trafalgar, 5 to 4 against Loyola, 3 to 1 against Sylvanus, 12 to 1 against Masquerade.

Sylvanus made the running for half the journey, when Trafalgar went to the front and Loyola close up. All up the straight these two ran locked together, and after an exciting finish, Trafalgar won by a neck. A bad third. Time, 2m. 41s.

SELLING RACE.—Rs. 400 from the Fund for all Arabs. Horses entered to be sold for Rs. 1,200 to carry 10st. 7lbs., added or deducted for every Rs. 100 above or below selling price. Distance, 1 mile.

H H Aga Khan's b a h Sir Frank, 9st., Hackney	1
Aga Moochoolsha's br a h Reserved, 8st., Native	2
Mr Gordon's b a h Invader, 6st. 7lbs., Native	3
Mr Herbert's b a h Recovery, 9st. 7lbs., Owner	0
Mr G Ferguson's b a h Morning Star, 8st. 7lbs., Vinall	0
Aga Moochoolsha's g a h Toocan, 8st. 7lbs., Native	0
Mr Bauman's c a Gold Dust-in-Time, 8st. 7lbs., Tingey	0
Colonel Morton's b a Kangaroo, 7st. 7lbs., Oomer	0
Mr Minchin's b a h Pilot, 7st. 7lbs., Ramchurn	0

Value of Tickets	1,200
Just-in-Time	180
Recovery	45
Kangaroo	20
Invader	205
Pilot	220
Aga Moochoolsha's stable	205
Sir Frank	230
Morning Star	35

Betting.—5 to 2 against Sir Frank, 4 to 1 against Invader, Just-in-Time, and Reserved, long odds against the rest.

Reserved and Invader showed the way for the greater part of the journey when Sir Frank joined them, and after a good race won by three parts of a length. A very close third. Time, 1m. 53s.

In the fourth race Kuchkalla, after passing the post, fell down dead from heart-disease.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

A TELEGRAM FROM GENERAL GORDON.

CAIRO, SEPT. 17.

A telegram has been received from General Gordon, dated August 26, in which he states that he is awaiting the arrival of British troops, and asks to send Zebehr Pasha to Khartoum with three hundred thousand pounds sterling. He also announces that he will occupy Berber in a few days.

A CAMEL CORPS FOR THE NILE EXPEDITION.

Lord Wolseley has ordered the formation of a camel corps composed of equal detachments from the Household and sixteen other cavalry regiments and guards, making a total of 1,100 men.

PASSAGE OF THE SECOND CATARACT.

Advices received from Wady Halfa state that the first steamer has safely passed the second cataract.

DEFEAT OF THE HADENDOWAS.

News has been received here from Suakim, stating that the friendly tribes in the neighbourhood of that place have completely defeated the Hadendowas.

THE CHIEF OF THE RUSSO-AFGHAN BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

ST. PETERSBURG, SEPT. 17.

General Zelcony has been appointed the Chief Russian Commissioner for the delimitation of the Russo-Afghan frontier.

THE RUSSIAN PRESS AND THE EARL OF DUFFERIN.

The Russian press express their gratification at the appointment of Lord Dufferin to the Viceroyalty of India.

THE MEETING OF THE THREE EMPERORS.

WARSAW, SEPT. 17.

The Emperors at Skierniwice have now separated.

LORD DUFFERIN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 17.

The Earl of Dufferin has left here for London to-day.

A BRITISH TURRET-SHIP ORDERED TO CHINA.

LONDON, SEPT. 18.

Her Majesty's turret-ship Agammemnon has been ordered to proceed to China.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, SEPT. 17.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Almora left here for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, this afternoon.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 17.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Rewa, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, SEPT. 18.

French mail steamer Yangtsi, from China, arrived this morning.

H. M. S. Wanderer, form Sheerness, arrived.

LONDON, SEPT. 17.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats irregular.

The London Cotton market has been quiet but steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 5-16
The Manchester market has been quiet.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	80¼
¼ ,, ,,	83 5-16
3 ,, Consols for account	101⅛
2½ ,, Sterling Loan	107½
½ ,, French Rentes	100
Bar Silver	52⅜

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

(SEPTEMBER 18.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Sharp Peak-Foochow line interrupted.

Japanese line interrupted beyond Hiogo.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY, NIGHT, September 17.

10 p.m. .. .. 78·8

THURSDAY, September 18.

6 a.m.	78·2
10 a.m.	81·9
2 p.m.	82·3
4 p.m.	79·6

BEGINNING with Friday, the 26th instant, the homeward overland mail steamers will leave Bombay, until further notice, on Friday of each week during the remainder of the year. There will be no dispatch of mails next Tuesday.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL BLAIR has returned to Aden. He received charge of the office of Resident from Major Hunter on the 27th ultimo.

DR. BULL, in medical charge of the 17th Regiment N. I., has been granted furlough to Europe for six months from the 10th proximo.

A FURTHER extension of furlough for three months has been granted to Mr. A. H. Unwin, Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, owing to continued ill-health.

MR. E. McG. H. FULTON has been appointed to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Nassik, during the absence of Mr. M. B. Baker.

MR. A. S. SHEWAN, C. S., has been appointed Forest Settlement Officer and Assistant Collector, Panch Mahals. Any appeals from his order will be heard by the Collector.

THE following appointments have been made in the Judicial Department:—Mr. J. B. D. Adams, on return to duty of Captain Humfrey, to do duty as first Assistant Superintendent of Police in the Khandesh district; Mr. H. M. Gibbs to act as Superintendent in the Kaira district; and Mr. F. C. Jones to act as Assistant Superintendent in the Ahmedabad district.

SEVERAL appointments are made in the Ecclesiastical Department. The Rev. G. Gothard, acting Chaplain at Ahmedabad, is appointed to act as Garrison Chaplain at the Residency. Consequent upon this appointment, the Rev. H. N. Midwinter, Chaplain of Belgaum Fort and Dharwar, will act in the same capacity at Ahmedabad, until relieved by the Rev. P. B. Horne, when he will become Chaplain of Ghorpuri, visiting the military prison at Wanowri. Before relieving Mr. Midwinter, Mr. Horne, who is now acting for the Rev. A. D. Onslow at Byculla, will spend a month at Baroda.

THERE was a slight increase in the mortality from cholera in Bombay during the week ending the 16th instant, the deaths numbering 21 against 16 in the previous week. During the corresponding week of last year the number of deaths was 23, but the mean of the corresponding weeks in the preceding five years was only 10. The total death-rate, however, though not so favourable as in the corresponding week of last year, is on the whole satisfactory.

FROM the Bombay presidency season reports for the week ending the 16th instant, it appears that there has been rain throughout the Presidency. It seems, however, to have been very unequally distributed, and while the crops have been slightly damaged by excessive rain or floods in parts of Hyderabad, Shikarpore, Upper Sind Frontier, Ahmedabad, and Surat, more rain is still wanted in parts of the Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country, and there is scarcity of fodder in Sholapore, Ahmednuggur, and Kaladgi. There is cholera in parts of eleven districts, and fever, cattle-disease, and small-pox in several places.

THE *India Portugueza* publishes a summary of the modifications in the Anglo-Portuguese treaty agreed upon in the Conference lately held in Lisbon. The excess claimed by the British Delegate in the payments for three years will not be refunded by the proprietors of the salt pans at Goa. For the remaining nine years the amount will be fixed by a mixed committee. The salt pans at Salsette, Ilhas, Bardez, and Pernem will be partially used. The proprietors who have not entered into the contract will be allowed to produce salt on payment of the usual tax to the British Agent. An allowance for drayage will be made, and the period for destroying unsold salt will be extended from nine to twelve months. At Damaun out of eight salt pans only two will be used, and the remaining six closed. If the proprietors do not come to an agreement, the salt pans will be put under the British management according to the clause of the treaty. At Diu the production of the salt will remain under Portuguese control.

THE Allahabad paper attaches considerable importance to the fact that Lord Dufferin's arrival will be hastened by three months, and thinks this may make a great difference in the success of his vice-royalty. It reasons thus:—"By landing in December, his lordship will have ample time to make the acquaintance of Calcutta, and the very fact of his spending his first months there will do much to gain him the good-will of that rather unaccountable city. Then there will be ample time to see something of the country on the way up to the hills. A Viceroy on the other hand, who arrives later in the season, and is hurried straight to his prison in the hills labours under great disadvantages. For half a year he is no more than a name to the people he governs, and when at the end of that time he comes out into public, he is already prejudged in the minds of a certain class as the tool of a supposed official clique."

THE *Englishman* is indignant at the appointment of General Alikhanoff, whom it persistently describes as a Major, as the Russian Commissioner for the delimitation of the Afghan frontier. It delivers itself as follows:—"The least the Russian Government might do is to appoint a Russian officer of rank equal to that held by Sir Peter Lumsden. The antecedents of Major Ali Khan scarcely permit his being considered at all on a parity of standing, whilst his inferior rank should at once be pointed out to disquiet the Afghan will conclude that a Russian Major is considered by the Russians as the equivalent to a British General, and if we tamely acquiesce and accept the situation they will infer that we do not oppose the notion. We can quite understand that Major Ali Khan, from his intimate knowledge of the Turkomans and from his experience of Central Asia, would naturally be appointed one of the members of the Commission. His nomination, however, reveals the standard of importance which the Government of the Czar attaches to the demarcation of the Afghan boundary. Any stone is good enough to kill a dog, and any officer is good enough to serve on a Mission destined to have no per manent results. The *Englishman* will be gratified to learn that the Russian Commissioner is not Alikhanoff but another General with a name which it never heard before and could not spell at the first effort.

FROM the report on Education in the Central Provinces for 1883-84, it appears that there were 1,612 schools in existence as compared with 1,565 in the previous year. These numbers include the Government schools, also those that are aided or unaided. The number of pupils had risen from 89,506 to 93,669, the average attendance from 60,397 to 64,365, and the total expenditure incurred was Rs. 6,84,628. The income was Rs. 2,05,350, and the cost to Government per pupil Rs. 3-1-4. These results appear good as compared with previous years. Schools and scholars have increased, the average attendance was better, total income and expenditure have remained stationary, and the cost per pupil to Government has sensibly diminished.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Madras Times* writes from Ootacamund:—

A *fracas* of rather an unusual nature occurred at Wellington about a fortnight ago. Several versions of the affair are afloat, and as the military authorities of the Convalescent Depôt are not willing to afford correct information of details, I send to such particulars as I was able to gather at Wellington from private individuals. It would appear that two of the privates of the 104th Munster Regiment were being "run in" continually for the most silly and trivial crimes. This led to the men of this regiment—which at present number the strongest at the Convalescent Depôt—being chaffed by those of other corps. This the 104th were determined to resent; and one fine morning the men, while on parade, threw down their arms and rushing in, secured clubs and sticks, and proceeded to belabour the convalescents of other corps. The bugle was sounded, and the men of the Depôt, it would appear, set to work and unarmed those of the Munster Regiment. The ringleaders, some fifteen in number, were arrested, and are now awaiting their trial by court-martial.

SAYS the *Englishman* respecting the publication of Madame Blavatsky's letters:—"If the revelations now made may be regarded as authentic, then the movement must rank among those religious impostures which every student of history can easily recall. It seems almost incredible that a lady of the social abilities of Madame Blavatsky could descend to the devices to dupe her credulous followers which these letters reveal. But the truth is that we do not require to go much beyond the history of the presenet century to find parallel cases, though differing in kind, such as Joe Smith, the founder of the Mormons, Joanna Southcote, whose followers believed she was about to become the mother of the true Messiah, and the gifted though misguided Edward Irving, who drew round him in the Scottish Kirk in Regent-square the fashion and intellect of London, and then descended to be duped by low impostors into a belief in the existence of the gift of tongues. We do not say that Esoteric Theosophy can rank in importance with any of the above movements. Its influence has been more or less circumscribed, and no doubt it owes whatever vitality it ever possessed to the germ of truth which its devotees believed they saw in it. To those, however, who have studied the history of similar movements, it will be no surprise that, even though all the charges made in the recent revelation are substantiated, the movement should continue for a short time to exist in India, in England, and in America, and wherever else it may have struck root."

THE *Englishman's* geographical knowledge seems to be somewhat mixed. It says:—"The state of affairs in the Bellari district in Bombay (!) has become so unsatisfactory that the Government have issued instructions to the Collector regarding the organization of famine relief works in that district." The same paper gravely announced a few weeks ago that it was proposed to connect the Atlantic Ocean with the Mediterranean Sea, by means of a canal through Spain, being apparently ignorant of the existence of the Straits of Gibraltar.

A MADRAS paper publishes a petition which it says has been sent to Mr. Grant-Duff, "on behalf of the poor Salemites now rotting in the Andamans." The *Indian Daily News* remarks:—"We always thought the Andamans was rather a healthy place. If our Madras contemporary had been writing of certain Bengal jails, there might have been some point in the phrase he uses."

THE *Weekly Notes* of September 1 contain a ruling of the High Court of the North-West Provinces which the Allahabad paper thinks will carry joy to the heart of the many magistrates who have of late years found a difficulty in making an example of a witness who gives a clear and detailed account of some murder or dacoity in the Magistrate's Court, and retracts everything and denies all knowledge of the affair in the Sessions Court. Under a ruling of Mr. Justice Straight of some years ago, it was impossible to charge such an offender with an alternative charge, namely, that as both his statements could not be true, one must be false, and the witness had therefore given false evidence. Mr. Straight held that it was necessary to prove that one or other statement was true, and therefore the other one must be false. He was guided by the principles of English law, and his ruling caused much bitter vexation to magistrates. Mr. Justice Duthoit has, however, shown that the principles of English law are not applicable to this country, that the Legislature itself has contemplated and recognised the possibility of such an alternative charge as that of which he has spoken, and that the Calcutta High Court had in two important decisions acted on that view, and convicted accordingly. Mr. Justice Straight, with a wider experience of Indian law than he possessed when he laid down his first ruling, now concurs in Mr. Duthoit's order, which directs that such witnesses may be prosecuted on alternative charges.

AT Banda the experiment of establishing hamlets as one of the ways of improving landed property has been tried, the Government making an advance without interest to the zemindars for the purpose. The Collector superintended the foundation of the new sites himself; the pattidars were collected; and there was much propitiation of the village gods before the sites were selected. A father of the hamlet was then chosen, and the important business of naming it performed on a lucky day, some local deity of the father of the hamlet giving his name to the site. A good hamlet of 20 houses can be started for Rs. 1,000, and with judicious nursing the new site will soon become permanent. Care, however, is required not to press the cultivators during the first few years of settlement, as there is no more frequent source of loss to a grasping native landlord than the foundation of a new hamlet on a site injudiciously chosen, or demanding from the cultivators rents and repayment of advances before they have hardly taken root. The experiment, however, judiciously superintended as in Banda, is certain to succeed, and may be safely recommended to the managers of estates under the Court of Wards.

LOCAL self-government is a boon which is very lightly appreciated in the North-West Provinces, judging from the fact that at the Municipal elections at Allahabad on Tuesday only 158 voters, out of a total of 359, exercised their privilege. As another instance of the apathy of voters in the North-West Provinces, the following letter, alleged to have been written by a respectable Eurasian to the Secretary of a large Municipality, is quoted:—"I regret my inability to vote as an 'elector,' for the following reasons:—(1) I was never asked to be an elector. (2) I know not what the election is for—whether for Municipal Commissioners or Members of Municipal Committee. (3) I know not what a voter is to expect the *voted* to do, or be fit for. (4.) The unreasonableness of voting for what one knows nothing about. You will kindly pardon my refusal to vote until I am favoured with more definite information." The fourth paragraph of this "Confession of Ignorance" might be recommended with approval to the consideration of other ignorant voters.

PROFESSOR UNWIN, of the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, was to leave this month to take up an appointment in connection with the new Science College established in Finsbury Circus by the London Guilds. Professor Unwin has been associated with Cooper's Hill, almost from its first establishment, as the first occupant of the chair of Mechanical and Hydraulic Engineering, to which he brought a long practical experience gained at Manchester, and experience in teaching at the College of Naval Architecture (now merged in the Royal Naval College, Greenwich). The loss to Cooper's Hill, says the *Engineer*, will be a great one, but in his new post Professor Unwin will find even a larger sphere for the prosecution of his researches and the enhancement of his reputation. His successor at Cooper's Hill, Mr. J. A. Hearson, is, like Professor Unwin, a man of both practical experience in mechanical engineering and scientific acquirement, having been for some years a Chief Engineer in the Royal Navy, and latterly an Assistant Professor at the Royal Naval College, of which he is a Fellow.

THE *Celestial Empire* tells us that a resurrection under somewhat peculiar circumstances has occurred at Soochow. A begging priest, it appears, suddenly died, and an examination made on the body by the *tipao* proved that death had resulted from natural causes. A coffin was then furnished by a local charitable institution, but as the corpse was being put into the coffin, it showed signs of vitality. The priest sat upright in his coffin and complained of feeling "very hot," at the same time begging for a slice of water-melon to cool his thirst; in fact, he showed himself as much alive as the *tipao* himself. The *tipao* remonstrated with the priest for coming to life again, and suggested that he should not be so contrary to natural precedent and should die decently; but the priest objected, and the *tipao* had to send the coffin back to the charitable institution. The manager of the institution, however, was not so easily satisfied, and he preferred a charge of swindling against the *tipao*, who was sent to limbo pending the hearing of the case. The *Celestial Empire* thinks the "resurrected" priest also should, according to Chinese precedent, be punished for coming to life again, after being "dead" two or three days; he perhaps was the greater swindler of the two.

ASSAM is about to have another competitor. A Korean correspondent of a Japanese vernacular paper says that the Koreans are now turning their attention closely to the industrial enterprises of their country, and mentions that large numbers of tea plants have been brought from China with a view to their cultivation.

A HINDOO named Custam Naik, of Cortalim, Goa, to win a bet drank two bottles of country liquor, and died from the effects.

SURGEON-MAJOR POWER, Joint Medical Officer of Simla, intends taking a year's furlough from January. The Allahabad paper remarks that a coveted appointment will thus be thrown open for the time to the Medical Service, with the chance of its becoming a permanency should anything happen to prevent Dr. Power's return to his post.

MILITARY NEWS.

COLONEL C. S. STURT, of the Infantry, has been permitted to return to duty.

A CLASSIFIED list of the Corps of Armourers serving in India with regiments and departments has been published in Army Orders. Those promoted will draw back pay from 1st April, 1883.

THE following rules for the entry of officers into the Army Pay Department have been issued:—

I.—That the length of service required to render an officer eligible for appointment to the Army Pay Department has been reduced from ten to seven years.

II.—That an officer will not be required to resign his combatant commission on appointment to the Army Pay Department, but will be seconded in his regiment for a period of five years, at the end of which time he may either elect to revert to regimental duty, or to be permanently appointed to the Pay Department; in the latter case he would then be required to resign his combatant commission.

III. That an officer while serving on his combatant commission in the Army Pay Department will receive pay as an officer of that department.

DEPUTY SURGEON-GENERAL H. B. HASSARD having completed his Indian tour, has been ordered to England.

CAPTAIN H. O. PIERS, Royal Artillery, has been ordered from Sialkote to England, to join the D-3 Royal Artillery, into which he has been promoted.

DEPUTY SURGEON-GENERAL J. B. READE has been transferred from the Peshawur to the Sirhind Division, W. H. Corbett has been posted to Peshawur, and Brigade Surgeon R. Webb appointed to officiate at Meerut.

THE following officers have been placed in orders to proceed to England during the next cold season, for the purpose of going through the long course of gunnery at Shoeburyness:—Captain H. P. Willoughby, Ordnance Department; W. De. G. Jersey, R-3 R. A.; Lieutenants H. H. Rogers, 7-1 (Mountain) R. A.; H. Chance, A-2 R. A.; A. R. Stuart, Q-1 R. A.; G. R. F. Rundle, O-3 R. A.; S. W. Lane, M-3 R. A.; and G. D. Baker, R-1 R. A. These officers are available for duty on the voyage.

CAPTAIN WILLOUGHBY will most probably have to resign his position in the Ordnance Department as a consequence of going home.

THE CENTRAL RIFLE MEETING.

THIS meeting opens at Poona to-day, the following being the time-table:—

Number	Competition.	Distance.	Targets.	Time. From	Time. To
2	Inter-Regimental Natives	200	6, 7, 8, 9	6-30 a.m.	5 p.m.
21	Nursery European	200	6, 7, 8, 9	5 p.m.	6 p.m.
2	Inter-Regimental Natives	500	1, 2, 3, 4	6-30 a.m.	6 p.m.
14	Adjutant General's Natives	600	13 & 14	6-30 a.m.	6 p.m.
14	Adjutant General's Natives	600	11 & 12	6-30 a.m.	4 p.m.
2	Inter-Regimental Natives	500	11 & 12	4 p.m.	6 p.m.
	Pool	300 & 500	5 & 10	6-30 a.m.	6 a.m.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills will be found the best friend to persons afflicted with ulcerations, bad legs, sores, abscesses, fistulæ, and other painful and complicated complaints. Printed and very plain directions for the application of the Ointment are wrapped round each pot. Holloway's alterative Pills should be taken throughout the progress of the cure, to maintain the blood in a state of perfect purity, and to prevent the health of the whole body being jeopardised by the local ailments; but legs, old age's great grievances, are thus readily cured without taking the Pills internally, or withdrawing from him or her the nutritious diet and generous support so imperatively demanded, when wrecking disease attack advanced years or constitutions evincing premature decrepitude.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHERREPORTS.

SIMLA, Sept. 16.—The general barometric rise noticed yesterday has continued at the great majority of stations, but in North Bengal, on the Ganjam coast, and over the greater part of the Central Provinces a decrease has set in. The barometric rise is greatest over Sind and North-Western India. Readings continue highest in Travancore, whence they decrease to a minimum over the head of the bay. Easterly winds appear to be extending over Northern India, spreading from Bengal up to the Gangetic valley and south-eastwards over Orissa. Elsewhere there is no important change. Rain has been general over Rajputana, the Central Provinces, the west coast south of the Peninsula, and Burma; but in Assam there is none reported, in Bengal only from Chittagong and False Point, in the N.-W. P. from Allahabad, Lucknow, Roorkee, and the hills; while in the Punjab, Sind, Malwa, and the Deccan there is none reported. Rain today:—Moulmein, 2½ inches; Seoni, Pachmarhi, and Hoshangabad, 1 inch; Lucknow, Saugor, Sutna, Bombay, Goa, Karwar, Rajahmundry, and Mangalore, ½ inch. Previously, Pachmarhi had 4½ inches; Hoshangabad and Moulmein, 1 inch; Jhansi, Saugor, Rai Bareilly, Prome, ½ inch. Snow fell on the Pir Punjab on the night of the 14th inst.

SEPT. 18.—The barometric decrease noticed at some stations yesterday has since become general. The change is, however, moderately uniform, so that the readings remain highest in Travancore, relatively low in Sind, and lowest over the bay. This low pressure area over the bay appears to be assuming the form of a distinctly marked cyclonic depression. The wind in the east is distinctly cyclonic at its circulation blowing from south in Burmah, from north-east and east in Assam and Bengal, and from between north-east and north-west over Behar, Chota Nagpore and over the eastern portion of the Central Provinces. On the Malabar coast the wind remains westerly. Rain, with a few local exceptions, is confined to the western, central, and southern parts of India, to Burma and to Lower Bengal, and even in these regions is not heavy; while over Northern India from Assam to the Indus, and over Rajputana and Sind, there has been practically no rain. The sky is almost clear of cloud on the North-West. Rain to-day:—Saugor Island, 1¾ inches, Hazribagh, Kurnool, Cochin, Mangalore, 1 inch; Jubbulpore, Saugor, Pachmarhi, Hoshangabad, Ahmednuggur, Karwar, Masulipatam, Mercara, Colombo, and Thayetmyo, over ½ inch. Previously, Jaunpur had 1 inch; Jhansi and Kaladgi, ½ inch.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Byculla. In. cts.
Previously regtd ..	58 56	68 86	65 75	65 50
Sept. 17, Wednesday ..	0 76	0 50	0 37	0 19
,, 18, Thursday	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	58 32	69 36	66 12	65 69

THE POONA RACING DISPUTE.

THE Stewards of the Poona Races have published the following resolution as having been arrived at after careful investigation into the "Pony Derby" dispute:—The terms under which the "Pony Derby" was to be run, were published in the Prospectus in December 1883. A notice in the Race pocket book published early in September 1884, purported to modify the terms of the Race by raising the scale of weight 16 lbs. This notice being published after the first entries had been made, was imperative. The high scale of weight was however inserted on the Race Cards, and the majority of owners were under the impression that it was the correct scale. Colonel Shee, a Steward, was interested in the Pony "Sunset", and Captains Hogg and Humfrey, also stewards, were interested in the Pony "Mystic"; both

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.
No. 4 FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT GIRGAUM.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Harichund Juggonnath, and on account and risk of the deceased mortgagor, Baboo Govindjee and his heirs.

All that piece of Fazundaree land, together with messuage, tenement or dwelling house and chawl standing thereon, situate on the northern side of Girgaum-road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Mandvee, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Nos. 381 and 382, containing by admeasurement about 287 square yards, and bounded on the east by the house of Bapoo Juggonnath Witheba Narayen and Witheba Balajee, on the west by the passage of the cart, on the north by the cart of Jugonnath Chimajee, and on the south by the passage partly belonging to this premises and partly to the house of the said mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 19th September, 1884.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF PERSIAN COTTON.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba in the warehouse of Noor Mahomed Fackeer Mahomed, by order of Aga Mohomed Hajee Cazrance, and on account and at the risk of Dewjee Bhanjee.

50 candies Persian cotton.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Geo. Jennings & Co., at their sale rooms in Marine-street, Fort, the following consignments just landed—

Best electroplated ware, tea and coffee services, cruet frames and breakfast cruets, superior tableware, full dinner services in the latest designs in Parisian porcelain, toilet ware, sets of jugs, China cups and saucers, glass table lamps, lamp pedestals, glass vase lamps and brass fittings complete, an assortment of handsome decorated vases, flower baskets, icegasses, jugs, &c., in the new rainbow and cracked glass, brush ware consisting of horse, dandy, paint, whitewash and sash brushes, &c.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, sale commencing at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hummum-street, Fort, opposite the Old Secretariat, the valuable and handsome frenchpolished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments and vases, lamps, pictures, &c., the property of E. H. McDowell, Esq. The same comprises rich fern pattern glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best plated cruet and pickle frames, biscuit box, breakfast cruet, hotwater curry dishes, spoons and forks, fruits knives and forks, tea-pot, claret-jug, tea and coffee service, butter-cooler, Rogers's table cutlery, neat and plain frenchpolished blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as a teakwood oval dining table, drawing-room, pier, oval, writing, round, and Madras-pattern dressing and washhand tables, drawing-room, easy, folding, reclining, low and Madras and mallet-pattern arm and without-arm chairs, sideboard, walnut, hat and umbrella stand, book and toilet stands, handsome chiffonier with mirror glass, marble top round table, drawing-room sofas, ottoman, writing table with drawers, Cunai teapoys, reclining couch, iron and teakwood bedsteads, with mattresses and pillow, gown press, camp cot, chest of drawer, clothes press, marble top, dressing glass, washing stands, cheval glass, handsome flowervases, rich table ornaments, handsome Brussels carpet, table and hanging duplex lamps, handsome flower pots, bath, dispense and cookroom furniture, copper utensils, &c., &c.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Masagon Darookhana, by order of Mr. Meerzamuil Shewbux—

Ex s. s. Sardhana.

150 tons superior teak scantlings of various sizes, marked G S, M S, T, & D H.

On account and at the risk of Abdool Rhaman Dada—

6 tons teak scantlings in small lots to suit purchasers.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, ,, dhoties
5 cases white shirtings.
5 ,, printed muslins.
5 ,, cagrapaut.
12 sets each five zinc bathing tubs.
6 iron bedsteads 7 by 3.
A few Rangoon made teak ladders of 4, 6, and 10 steps.
10 rolls Brussels carpet.

An invoice of Napoleon Price and Company's perfumery, consisting of real old brown Windsor soap, frangipani and marrow oil pomade, brown Windsor and cider flower soap, Fuller's earth, &c. The property of a lady giving up house-keeping, consisting of teakwood cots with beds, drawing room, dining, pier, dressing and washhand tables, conversation couches, drawing room and easy chairs, whatnot, bookshelf, hatstand, chest of drawers, dressing glasses, a few articles of crockery glass and plated ware, lamps, &c.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the second floor of Sassoon buildings, opposite the Custom House, in Marine-street, Fort, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved, and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, a mahogany full-sized slate billiard table by Thurston and Co. with ball, cues, &c., complete, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 18 light hanging chandeliers, 2, 4, 8 and 10 light hanging argand lamps, table and wall argand lamps, kerosine-oil hanging, table and wall lamps, large size pier glasses in gilt frames, Brussels and tapestry carpets, rich cut glassware, superior porcelain ware, table ornaments, &c., &c. of which full particulars will appear hereafter.

The property will be on view 6 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 4th October, sale commencing at p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Winter-road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsom french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Schied-mayer and Soehne, first-rate pictures, rich table ornaments, superior real China flower vases and jars, &c., the property of G. H. Farran, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 19th September, 1884.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 13, Raimpart-row, west, near the P. and O. Company's office, the valuable and handsome plain and carved blackwood and teakwood french-polished household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c., &c., the property of Dr. T. Craig. The same comprises rich star cut glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and tea services, best platedware, such as dish covers, hotwater curry dishes, cruet pickle and egg stands, jam pot, breakfast companions, spoons and forks, bread basket, table and chamber candlesticks, cutlery by Harrison Brothers, &c., handsome teakwood and blackwood french-polished richly carved bombay built furniture, such as dining-table in 3 pieces, sideboard, whatnot, Madras-pattern arm-chair, small sideboard, meat-safe with mesh, handsome circular and oblong tables with marble top, circular, pier, side and folding tables, easy, folding, reclining, long-arm, rocking and drawing-room chairs, conversation sofas, one very handsome chiffonier with glass door and mirror-back teapoys with marble top, velvet pile carpet, marble and parian figures, Japanese vases, rich clocks, lamps, handsome iron four-post bedstead, dressing and washing tables with marble top, dressing glasses, double-plate glass-door almirahs, clothes and gown presses, hall tubs, bed-room chairs, towel horses, dispense articles, cooking utensils, &c.

The property is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at 4, Love Lane, Byculla, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain an carved french polished household furniture, plated ware, glass and crockery ware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c, &c., the property of Captain O. Livingstone. The same comprises rich star cut glassware, dinner, dessert and tea services, plated ware, such as hotwater curry dishes, cruet and pickle stand, bread basket, tea set, teapot, spoons and forks, 6 dessert knives and forks, cutlery, table and chamber candlesticks, &c., handsome teakwood french-polished household furniture, such as a set of dining table in 5 pieces, sideboard, walnut and Madras pattern without-arm chairs, handsome circular, pier and oblong tables, easy, folding, low and drawing-room chairs, conversation sofas, chiffoniers, ornament stands, marble top teapoy and round teapoy, a double light hanging argand lamp, table and hanging kerosine lamps, Brussels carpet, table ornaments, pictures, &c., four-post double bedstead, reclining couches, dressing and washing tables, dressing and cheval glasses, clothes presses, chest of drawers, a handsome almirah with plated glass-door, bed-room chairs, dispense articles, cooking utensils, child perambulator, &c., &c.

The above property is now on view,

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the property of the Bombay Government about 615 copies of Marathi index to the Regulations and Acts from 1871.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 Handsome strong dog-cart with dun colour Kattywar mare and set of brass mounted harness.

1 Handsom strong flea-bitten grey Arab, quiet to ride and drive.

TEA, TEA, TEA.

The cheapest and best in India.

Messrs. Z. Horniman and Co. will offer a consignment of their well known teas at auction on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., at the rooms of Messrs. BENNETT & Co.

The Tea is a favourite and much liked blend in the Bengal Presidency and is packed in tins containing 1 lb, and 2 lbs, nett, which will be offered in lots to suit purchasers.

Parties desirous of buying can do so by sending their butlers accompanied by a written authority, which will have the best attention of Messrs, Bennett & Co.

AUCTION SALE of Horizontal Condensing Engine at the Sassoon Alliance Silk Mills, Victoria-road, Byculla.

Under instructions from the Secretaries and Treasurers, Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Company, Limited, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m.,

One horizontal condensing engine, fly spur wheel, 12 inches broad, second motion pinion wheel and shaft with Inglis and Spence's patent corliss valves, capable of exerting 95 upwards of 125 indicated horse-power, made by Messrs. Hick Hargreave and Co., Engineers, Bolton, England, also a lot of surplus machinery such as piston jamkering, piston complete with rod, steel spindle for corliss valve, incomplete and complete corliss valves, pieces of main brass, incomplete metallic rings, &c. &c.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

The above is now on view at the mills.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Victor-a-road, near Sassoon Alliance Silk Mill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished and richly carved household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c., &c., the property of W S Maugan, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On a day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mount Road Manabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved french-polished household furniture, made to order, best executed plated wares, very rich crockery, and glassware, a first-rate nearly new mahogany full size slate billiard table by John Roberts & Co. with balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c., &c., &c. the property of John W. Russell, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 19th September, 1884.

FOR SALE.

1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this office and at the book-sellers]

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF SHARES.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Share Bazaar, by order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of the mortgagor, Jamsetjee Pestonjee Jeevunjee :—

9 shares in the Gordon Mills Company, Limited.

AUCTION SALE OF RICH OLEOGRAPHS IN GILT FRAMES.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on SATURDAY next, the 20th instant, at 3 p. m.—

An invoice of rich oleographs in gilt frames, representing various interesting subjects and views.

On SATURDAY next, the 20th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their weekly Auction Sale at their rooms, of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.

5 cases Turkey red twill.
2 cases T. R. bordered shirtings.
5 cases fancy coloured prints.
7 cases coloured muslins.
3 bales grey piece-goods.
5 cases bobbins.
20 cases Australian jams and jelly.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 19th September, 1884.

BANKS

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted some through the Bank.

CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT COUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives money on fixed Deposits at the following rates of Interest :—

5 per cent. per annum for 12 months deposit.
4 do. do. 6 do. do.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai, and Colombo. It also grants Drafts on London and its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For List of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
15, Forbes Street, Fort.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S
INVALID'S PORT,
Recommended by PHYSICIANS.
Imitated by the Fraudulent.

It is, as its designation implies, an Invalid's Wine.

Price per 1 dozen bottles Rs. 26, CASH.

Buyers will do C. P. & Co. a favour if they will destroy the Labels on the bottles when emptying contents.

Bombay House, August, 1884.

NOTICES.

FIFTY POUNDS A YEAR FROM AGE 50

FORM SIMPLE. No Medical Examinations. No restrictive conditions. Full particulars on application to SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay. *Applicants are particularly requested to state date of birth.*

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, CAWNPORE.

MILITARY DRILLS.

WHITE DRILLS FOR THE CLOTHING OF EUROPEAN TROOPS.

KHAKI DRILLS, yarn or piece dyed, in approved shades for native Troops. Samples and patterns on application to the Managing Director or to the Company's Agents, Messrs. W. WATSON and Co., Apollo-street, Bombay.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY.
BY
TODAR MAL.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, FCS. 6,500,000.

OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION!
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS
OUR GRAMME MACHINES have shown the BEST results at all Government Trials, at Woolwich, &c.

ELECTRIC MACHINES, for 10 Incandescent Lamps...Rs. 350
Do. 40 do. ,, 750
Do. for 6 arc lights 2,000 Candles, each. ,, 1,200
Do. 8 do. 500 do. ,, 1,300
Do. 20 do. 500 do. ,, 2,000

SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
PATENT WICK CARBONS give a steadier light than any other Carbons.
JABLOCHKOFF CANDLES improved-make.
INSULATED CABLE, GLOBES and other accessories.
NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other system.

F. FISCHER,
Agent and General Manager.
41, Meadow-stret

PERRY DAVIS VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son Manufacturers and Proprietors Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for
BRUISES, BURNS,
NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM
has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT A BOMBAY.
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market near Jumma Musjid.

J. NEUBERG,
5, Meadow-street.

JUST TO HAND PER S.S. "ADOWA,"
A CHOICE PARCEL OF
MANILLA
CIGARS AND CHEROOTS,
"Cavite" Brand,
Extra fine quality and size,
The finest production of the Manillas and Choicest Importation of the Season,
Carefully selected by Mr. Neuberg's special agent at
MANILLA.
"PRIMA, PRIMA QUALITE."

No. 1 CIGARS,
"Cavites."
Rs. 85 per 1,000.
Per Box of 50, Rs. 4-8.

No. 2 CIGARS,
"Cavites."
Rs. 60 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 6-8.

No. 2 CHEROOTS,
"Cavites."
Rs. 60 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 6-8.

No. 3 CIGARS,
"Cavites."
Rs. 40 per 1,000.
Per Box of 200, Rs. 9.

JAVA CIGARS.
Specially recommended for Monsoon Smoking,
MILD and FREE.

		Per 1,000	Per box of 100
FLOR DE JAVA,	"COQUETAS"	Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do.	"TRABUCOS"	,, 35	,, 4 0
Do.	"ROYALS"	,, 40	,, 4 8

Samples forwarded on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

"ROUGH ON RATS"

CLEARS out Rats, Mice, Roaches, Flies, Ants, Bed-bugs, Beetles, Insects, Skunks, Chipmunks, Gophers. Druggists, Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

CHAMPAGNE.

CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

HIGHEST AWARD GOLD MEDAL AND CERTIFICATE.

MESSRS. PERINET & FILS OF REIMS

BEG to announce, that anxious to extend the Trade in India of their Champagnes which are so well and favourably known in England, they have appointed Messrs. CUTLER, PALMER & Co. gents for the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY and have instructed them to quote Rs. 56 per dozen Quarts. Pints Rs. 3 extra. Less an allowance for cash.

HOME!! HOME!!!

SPECIAL LIST OF REQUISITES

FOR THE VOYAGE.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Gent's Overcoats and Ulsters	Rs. 45 to 50 0	Ladies' Dressing Gowns	each 15 0
Gent's Deck Suits	each 10 0	Ladies' Bonnet Boxes	Rs. 8-4 to 11 8
Gent's Dressing Gowns	Rs. 10 to 25 0	Ladies' Straw Hats trimmed	,, 8 0
Gent's Deck Shoes	Rs. 4-8 to 10 0	Ladies' warm Stockings	pair 2 4
Chairs, strong and light	Rs. 8 to 12 0	Marine Soap per tablet	each 0 8
White Shirts	½ doz. Rs. 22 to 30 0	Sun Umbrellas	each 4 8
Cambric Shirts	½ doz. 30 0	The Victoria Wrapper	each 16 4
Oxford Shirts	½ doz. 33 0	Rugs and Mauds	Rs. 13-8 to 33 0
Flannel Shirts	each 8 8	Gent's Undervests	each 2 0
Celluloid Collars	each 0 12	Gent's Seamless Socks	doz. 3 0
Soiled Linen Bags	Rs. 5 to 6 0	Pocket Handkerchieves	doz. 5 8
Overland Trunks	,, 22 0	Rug Straps	Re. 1-4 to 7 8
Leather Portmanteaux	Rs. 15 to 21 0	Cambric Ties	doz. 3 8
Hold-alls, specially useful	Rs. 17 to 20 0	Money Belts	each 2 0

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats, &c., made to measure at a few hours' notice.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, POONA AND SECUNDERABAD.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

Paris trimmed Bonnets and Hats.
Straw Bonnets and Hats untrimmed,
Ladies' black, white and coloured Suede Gloves.
Ladies' black, white, cream, and cardinal Satin Shoes.
Dress Materials of every Description.
Ball Dresses in Tulle, Gauze, &c.
Rich Silk Dresses, elegantly made.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS, CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Estimates for making up dresses, etc., on Application.
Orders from Outstations, to ensure immediate attention, should be accompanied by a Remittance or Reference for Payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER, DRESSMAKER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER,
7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY, NEURALGIA,
AND OTHER
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,
H. AND T. KIRBY & CO.'S
ORIGINAL PHOSPHORUS PILLS
ARE THE BEST REMEDIES.

THE Restorative power of Phosphorus is MOST REMARKABLE. Cures are effected by the following Preparations in cases which have resisted all other medicines. In these forms Phosphorus is as harmless as Quinine, while its effects on the nervous system are far more beneficial.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILL, No. 1.

This Pill affords considerable relief when the system is jaded and worn by unusual strain or temporary nervous exhaustion. In cases of despondency and grief its EXHILARATING and ENERGIZING effect is most marked.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILL, No. 3.

This is a valuable Restorative. It acts as a nutrient to the entire nervous system, giving POWER TO THE BRAIN and spinal cord, and to the functions presided over by them. It gives tone to the DIGESTIVE ORGANS, and improves the condition of the whole body.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX-VOMICA, No. 6.

This Pill is especially useful in Atonic Dyspepsia and Lowness of Spirits arising from overwork. It is a useful TONIC also in cases of functional impotence in prematurely aged and debilitated subjects and to remedy the effects of excesses.

PHOSPHORUS, IRON AND CANTHARIDES, No. 30.

This Pill is especially useful in Chronic Urethral Discharges in Atony or Paralysis of the Bladder, and in the same cases for which PHOSHORUS and NUX-VOMICA PILL No. 6 are found useful.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILL,
Composed of Phosphorous, Iron, Quinine and Nux-vomica.

This is an invaluable remedy for nervous diseases characterized by DEBILITY, POVERTY OF BLOOD, and LOSS OF NERVE POWER. It cures NEURALGIA, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, and other manifestations of Nervous Exhaustion, very rapidly. Brain-workers, Clergymen, Professional and BUSY COMMERCIAL MEN, who are habitually overworked, derive great benefit from a course of this combination of tonics. For CONVALESCENTS FROM FEVERS and other exhausting diseases, this is a powerful RESTORATIVE

CAUTION.—Messrs. H. & T. KIRBY & Co. have to caution the Medical Profession and the Public against SEVERAL IMITATIONS of their well-known preparations. Some of these are made with POWDERED PHOSPHORUS, and are EXCEEDINGLY DANGEROUS, while others are perfectly INERT. Every bottle of Kirby's genuine Pills bears the Trade Mark and Signature of their Firm.

KIRBY'S SAL MINERALIS,
A TASTELESS APERIENT SALT,
AN EXCELLENT SUBSTITUTE FOR
FRIEDRICHSALL, PULLNA, HUNGARIAN AND OTHER MINERAL WATERS.

This salt is more convenient, portable, and efficient than the German Waters. It may be taken in all cases in which they are beneficial. As an Aperient it is SIMPLE, MILD, SAFE and EFFECTUAL. For GOUT, GOUTY and RHEUMATIC AFFECTIONS and in PLETHORIC CONDITIONS of the System TORPID LIVER and PILES, it is the BEST Aperient. For Habitual Constipation it is a goodremedy.

AGENTS.—Messrs. LYALL & Co., Allahabad; Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay and Poona; Messrs. SMITH STANISTREET & Co., Calcutta; Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co., Bombay.

CAUTION.

UNREMITTING thought and labour are bestowed upon a speciality. It is, after great care and exceeding difficulty, crowned with success; when lo! immediately there arise swarms of imitations resembling the original closely enough to deceive the Public, and yet not so exactly as to infringe upon legal rights. These imitators, not having, perhaps, the means, or the experience, or the intelligence to push an honest article independently to the notice of the Public, are content to wait and look out for successful experiments by others, and then to adopt the semblance of such, and style these spurious productions the "original" or the "genuine" article. A better illustration of this cannot be cited than the famous case of Johann Maria Farina's Eau-de-Cologne. As soon as it became known that this justly celebrated Perfume commanded the market, the country was scoured for all the Farinas that could be found, they were brought to Cologne, and paid for the use of their name to push spurious articles into the market, styled the genuine Eau-de-Cologne of Farina!!

In 1864, for the first time, SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S Pianos were introduced into India. After careful observation and constant practical experiment we discovered the qualities, necessary for making this marvel of cheapness and excellence suitable for the Indian Climate. As soon as the necessary alterations and additions were made to these instruments, we caused an ivory medallion to be inserted over the name of the makers, and on this is stated that these Pianos are "Built expressly for the Indian Climate by order of C. Marcks and Co., Bombay and Poona." Without this we can guarantee none to be genuine.

The fame of these Pianos had scarcely gone abroad, when in came imitations promising everything, and leaving the unfortunate purchasers to find out the good qualities after purchase.

All who have tried our Pianos declare them perfection. We can guarantee Perfection only if the Instruments pass through our hands.

The most superb Pianos in outward appearance, interior construction, tone, touch, and repeating action can be seen at our Depot of

SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S Pianos,
Opposite the University Clock Tower.

☞ See that you ask for, and more especially that you get, SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S Pianos. We can guarantee no other genuine.

REVISED PRICE LISTS FREE BY POST ON APPLICATION.

C. MARCKS AND CO.

43, Esplanade-road, BOMBAY. 1, East-street, POONA.

HIGHEST AWARD,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

THE words "HIGHEST AWARD" are often used in advertisements to lead the public to suppose that a particular maker has obtained the HIGHEST AWARD above all other exhibitors, this is misleading.

THE HIGHEST AWARD, *i.e.*, a first class CERTIFICATE AND GOLD MEDAL is given to the best of each special class, and our—

SCHIEDMAYER
SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOS
OBTAINED
A FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AND GOLD MEDAL,
THE HIGHEST AWARD
for that class. And the
SCHIEDMAYER GRAND PIANO
OBTAINED
A FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AND SILVER MEDAL.
These were the
ONLY SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS,
and the only instruments under the name of
SCHIEDMAYER,
which obtained an award of any kind at the
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

The genuine instruments have the name
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK STUTTGART.
SOUNDY & CO., AGENTS, BOMBAY;
and must not be confounded with the name SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE whose Pianos we do not import.

See our Illustrated Catalogues, free by post.

SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

STONE'S LGA LIGHT GRAVITY ALE,

Specially brewed to meet the present demand for light Ale.

BASS & CO.'S INDIA PALE ALE (AS HITHERTO SHIPPED.)

BOTTLED BY OURSELVES,

May be obtained of all the principal dealers in India.

STONE & SON,
9, ST. MILDRED'S COURT, LONDON, E.C.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED,

MILLINERS, DRESS-MAKERS, TAILORS, HOSIERS, HATTERS,
DRAPERS, GLOVERS, BOOT AND SHOE-MERCHANTS,
AND GENERAL PROVIDERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WRAPS AND TRAVELLING MAUDS.

Of these we have a most extensive stock and a greater variety to select from, is offered to purchasers at no other establishment in India.

TROPICAL WRAPS—Fancy Scarlet, black and yellow check, 5 ft. square, Rs. 5-8.
TROPICAL WRAPS—White and black or scarlet, and Black check Flannel, 5 ft. square, Rs. 8-4.
TROPICAL WRAPS—All wool, fawn or black, fancy wraps, 5½ ft. square, Rs. 8-12.
TROPICAL WRAPS—All wool, fawn or grey, with fancy bordering, 5½ ft. square, Rs. 11-8.
TROPICAL WRAPS—All wool, black, fawn or blue checks with very fancy bordering, 5½ ft. square, Rs. 12-4.
TROPICAL WRAPS—All wool, black, scarlet or maroon, plaid with fancy bordering and fringe, 5 ft., Rs. 12-8.
TROPICAL WRAPS—All wool, Fancy Check, brown wrap, 5½ ft., Rs. 12-12.
TROPICAL WRAPS—All wool, plain blue Wrap, figured border, 5½ ft., Rs. 13-12.
TROPICAL WRAP—All wool, figured, grey, blue or brown Wrap, 5½ ft., Rs. 14-4.
HAZARA CASHMERE WRAPS—Plain in Fawn, White or Black, Rs. 9-8.
LAMMERMUIR WRAP—Large and small, grey checks, Rs. 8-12.
GLENCOE WRAP—Brown, 5½ ft., Rs. 12-10.
THE POLAR WRAP—Dark-blue or brown, 5 ft., Rs. 14-8.
HIMALAYA WRAP—White and black, very stout, 5½ ft., Rs. 14-8.
LLAMA WRAP—Fawn, and of beautiful texture, 5½ ft., Rs. 22-4.
KISHTORAR CASHMERE WRAP—A most beautiful and soft Wrap, 5½ ft., Rs. 21-8.
TROPICAL MAUD—Brown and dark grey, 11 by 5½, Rs. 15-12.
TROPICAL MAUDS—Large brown checks, 11 by 5½, Rs. 14-8.
TROPICAL MAUDS—Shepherd's Plaid, 11 by 5½, Rs. 15-4.
TROPICAL MAUDS—All wool, fancy coloured checks, 11 by 5½, Rs. 22-8.

WM. SILLITOE,
Secretary and Manager.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED.

NOTICES.

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

MUSIC! MUSIC!

OPERAS, &c.

"PRINCESS IDA,"
New Opera, by A. SULLIVAN.

	Rs. a.
Vocal Score	3 12
Pianoforte Solo	2 4

"RIP VAN WINKLE,"
New Opera, by R. PLANQUETTE.

Complete Vocal Score	3 12
Pianoforte Solo	2 4

"IOLANTHE,"
New Opera by A. SULLIVAN.

Complete Vocal Score	3 12
Pianoforte Solo	2 4

"NELL GWYNNE,"
New Opera by R. PLANQUETTE.

Complete Vocal Score	3 12
Pianoforte Solo	2 4

"MELITA," OR "THE PARSEE DAUGHTER,"
New Opera by H. PONTET,

Complete Vocal Score (as performed at the Gaiety Theatre)	4 8

ESMERALDA.
New Opera by A. GORING THOMAS

Complete Vocal Score	5 10

OLIVETTE.
New Opera by AUDRAN.

Complete Vocal score	6 0

CARMEN.
New Opera by G. BIZET.

Complete Vocal Score	4 8

THE ANCIENT MARINER.
Cantata by F. J. BARNETT.

Complete Vocal Score	4 8

THE PARADISE AND THE PERI.
Cantata by F. J. BARNETT.

Complete Vocal Score	4 8

LITTLE SONGS FOR LITTLE VOICES.
By A. S. GATTY.

Bk. 1 containing 36 songs	1 14
With pianoforte accompaniment.	
Bk. 2 containing 12 songs (Beautifully Illustrated)	1 14

Mendelssohn's 13, two parts 0 12
Mendelssohn's 28, two part song, Songs, with pianoforte accompaniment 0 12

THE WALDTEUFEL ALBUM.
For pianoforte. Contg. 20 popular dances, cloth, gilt edges 7 14

GAVOTTE ALBUM.
For pianoforte containing 24 Gavottes Arranged by E. Pauer 1 4

NEW MUSIC FOR VIOLIN AND PIANO.

PIRATES OF PENZANCE, arranged by H. Farmer	1 12
IOLANTHE, arranged by H. Farmer	1 12
CARMEN, arranged by Herman	1 12
H. M. S. PINAFORE, arranged by H. Farmer	1 12
LES CLOCHES DE CORNEVILLE, arranged by Herman	1 8
STEPHANIE, GAVOTTE, arranged by B. Tours	1 8

Our New CATALOGUES of Songs, Pianoforte, Music, and Music for sundry Instruments now ready, Post Free.

Pianofortes, American Organs, Harmoniums, and all kinds of Instruments in stock. Illustrated Catalogues Post Free.

S. ROSE & Co., BOMBAY.

DORSET COUNTY SCHOOL.
NEAR DORCHESTER.

VISITOR.—The BISHOP of SALISBURY.

HEAD MASTER.—The Rev. T. RUSSELL WRIGHT, M.A. (late Scholar of Pembroke College, Cambridge.)

School site of 10 acres, most healthily situated.

School Chapel, Fives Court, Chemical Laboratory, Carpenter's shop.

Boys receive kind treatment and personal attention.

Three Terms.

Fees £33 to £44 per annum.

Boys can remain during holidays on payment of a moderate additional fee.

For prospectus apply to A. HAYNES, Esq., Powerstock, Dorsetshire, England.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary aching of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption